

Shifting the Position and Preparatory Scale Studies, op. 8

PREFATORY NOTE

THE chief difficulty in these exercises consists in shifting (changing the position) so smoothly that it is hardly perceptible. Shifting downward, from a higher to a lower position, offers peculiar difficulties. In order to effect it smoothly, hold the violin firmly with the chin, and try to use the thumb as little as possible when shifting. Later these exercises are even to be practised without using the thumb, which is then held under the neck of the instrument.

It is highly beneficial to practise these exercises *détaché* at first, and then legato in moderate tempo.

THE EDITOR

VORBEMERKUNG

DIE Hauptschwierigkeit in diesen Übungen besteht darin, die Verbindungen der Lagen so zu bewerkstelligen, dass dieselben kaum hörbar sind. Besondere Schwierigkeiten bietet der Wechsel von den höheren nach den tieferen Lagen. Um diesen Wechsel glatt zu machen, halte man die Violine mit dem Kinne fest und versuche, beim Lagenwechsel den Daumen der linken Hand so wenig wie möglich zu benutzen. Später sollen diese Übungen sogar ohne Hilfe des Daumens geübt werden, wobei der Daumen unter dem Hals der Geige gehalten wird.

Es ist von grossem Nutzen, wenn man diese Übungen zuerst gestossen, dann in mässigem Tempo gebunden übt.

DER HERAUSGEBER

Lagenwechselübungen.

Bei dem Einüben dieser Beispiele wiederhole man in gemäßigtem Tempo:

- jeden einzelnen Takt,
- jeden Takt mit dem nächstfolgenden (1-2, 2-3, 3-4 usw.)
- alle Takte, die auf derselben Saite angezeigt sind (im 1^{ten} Beispiele Takte 1-6, 7-12, 13-18, 19-25),
- das ganze Beispiel in folgenden Tonarten, gebunden und gestossen:



Shifting (Changing the Position).

When practising these exercises repeat in moderate tempo:

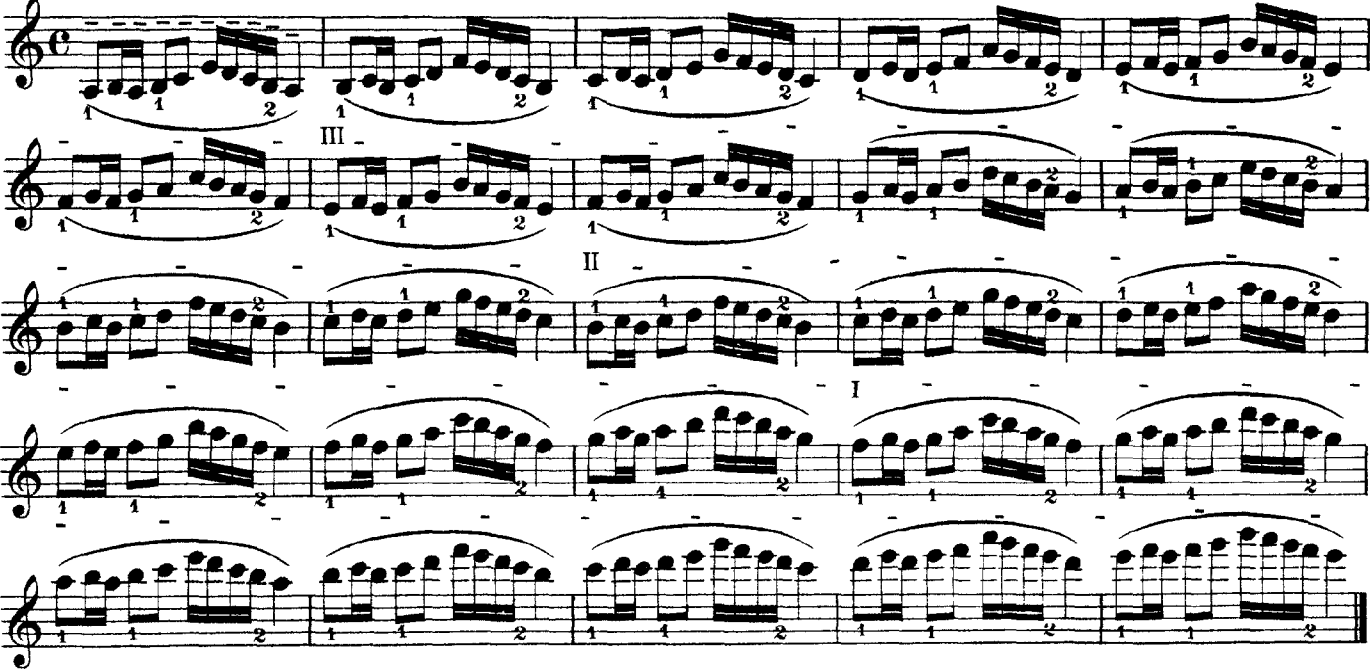
- Each measure separately;
- Each pair of successive measures together; for instance 1 with 2, 2 with 3, 3 with 4, etc.;
- All groups of measures marked as to be played on the same string;— in the 1st Exercise measures 1 to 6, 7 to 12, 13 to 18, 19 to 25;
- The entire exercise in the keys given below, both legato and *détaché*.



Wechsel der Lagen: 1-2, 2-3, 3-4 u.s.w.

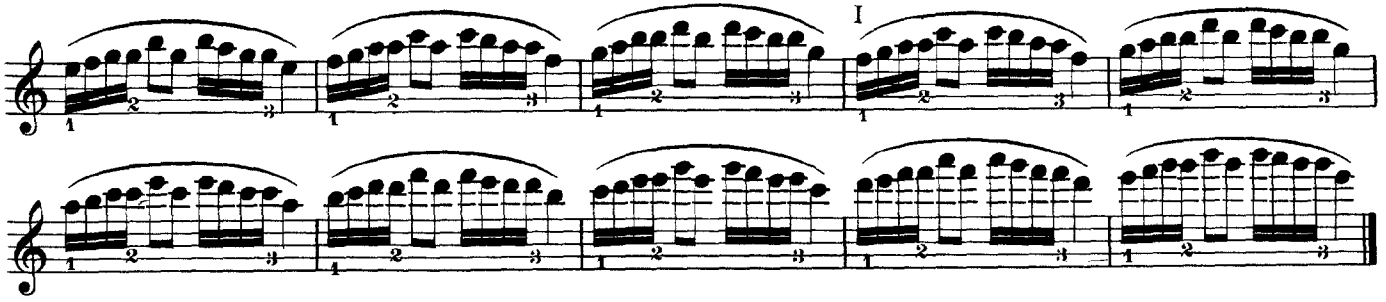
Changes of position: From 1st to 2d,
2d to 3d, 3d to 4th, etc.

Saite
String IV -

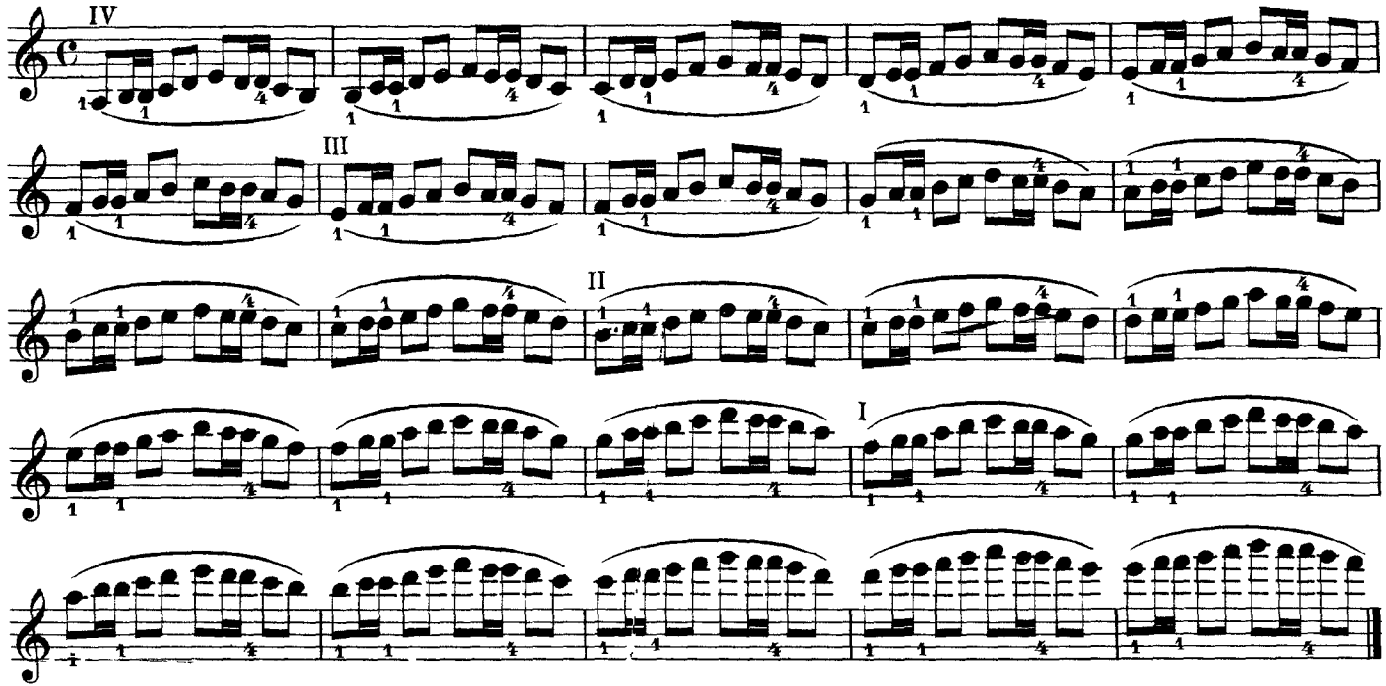


2.

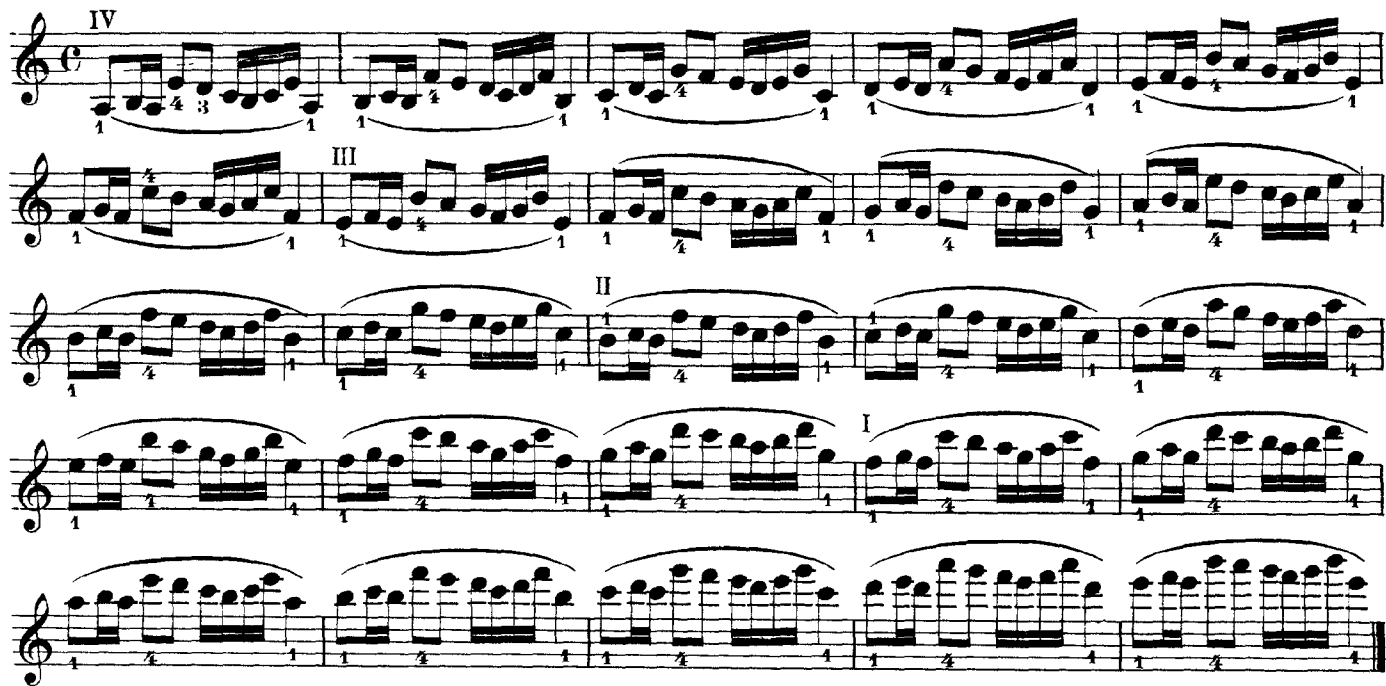




3.



4.



5.

IV

III

II

I

6.

IV

III

II

I

7.

IV

III

Exercise 8 consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It contains four measures of sixteenth-note patterns, with triplet and doublet markings. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and continues the pattern. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and continues the pattern. The fourth staff continues the pattern and ends with a double bar line. The patterns involve shifting positions and are marked with triplet and doublet symbols.

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-3, 2-4, 3-5 u.s.w.

8.

Changes of position: From 1st to 3d,
2d to 4th, 3d to 5th, etc.

Exercise 9 consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It contains four measures of sixteenth-note patterns, with fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) and slurs. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' and continues the pattern. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and continues the pattern. The fourth staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and continues the pattern. The patterns involve shifting positions and are marked with fingering numbers and slurs.

9.

Exercise 9 consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It contains four measures of sixteenth-note patterns, with fingering numbers (2, 3, 4) and slurs. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' and continues the pattern. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and continues the pattern. The fourth staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and continues the pattern. The patterns involve shifting positions and are marked with fingering numbers and slurs.

10.

IV
III
II
I

11.

IV
III
II
I

12.

IV
III
II
I

13.

Exercise 13 consists of five staves of music, each representing a different fingering pattern (I, II, III, IV) and a specific bowing or breathing technique. The music is written in C major and features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or fours. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner, with slurs indicating the phrasing and accents indicating the emphasis on certain notes.

14.

Exercise 14 consists of five staves of music, each representing a different fingering pattern (I, II, III, IV) and a specific bowing or breathing technique. The music is written in C major and features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or fours. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner, with slurs indicating the phrasing and accents indicating the emphasis on certain notes.

15.

Exercise 15 consists of five staves of music, each representing a different fingering pattern (I, II, III, IV) and a specific bowing or breathing technique. The music is written in C major and features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or fours. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner, with slurs indicating the phrasing and accents indicating the emphasis on certain notes.

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-4, 2-5, 3-6 u.s.w.

16.

Changes of position: From 1st to 4th,
2d to 5th, 3d to 6th, etc.

Exercise 16 consists of four staves (I, II, III, IV) showing ascending and descending scale passages. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a slur over a group of notes. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are indicated below the notes.

17.

Exercise 17 consists of four staves (I, II, III, IV) showing ascending and descending scale passages. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a slur over a group of notes. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are indicated below the notes.

18.

Exercise 18 consists of four staves (I, II, III, IV) showing ascending and descending scale passages. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a slur over a group of notes. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3) are indicated below the notes.

19.

Exercise 19 consists of four staves, each with four measures of music. The staves are labeled IV, III, II, and I from top to bottom. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C). Each measure contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or triplets. Fingering numbers (1, 3, 4) are indicated below the notes. Slurs are used to group notes across measures. The exercise focuses on shifting positions and preparatory scale studies.

20.

Exercise 20 consists of four staves, each with four measures of music. The staves are labeled IV, III, II, and I from top to bottom. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C). Each measure contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or triplets. Fingering numbers (1, 3) are indicated below the notes. Slurs are used to group notes across measures. The exercise focuses on shifting positions and preparatory scale studies.

21.

Exercise 21 consists of four staves, each with four measures of music. The staves are labeled IV, III, II, and I from top to bottom. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C). Each measure contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or triplets. Fingering numbers (2, 3, 4) are indicated below the notes. Slurs are used to group notes across measures. The exercise focuses on shifting positions and preparatory scale studies.

22.

IV

III

II

I

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-5, 2-6, 3-7 u.s.w.

23.

Changes of position: From 1st to 5th,
2d to 6th, 3d to 7th, etc.

IV

III

II

I

24.

IV

III

II

I

25.

IV

III

II

I

26.

b) IV

a)

III

II

I

27.

IV

III

II

I

28.

Exercise 28 is a four-staff piece in 4/4 time. The staves are labeled I, II, III, and IV from bottom to top. Each staff contains four measures of music. The first staff (I) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The second staff (II) continues the pattern with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The third staff (III) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The fourth staff (IV) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

29.

Exercise 29 is a four-staff piece in 4/4 time. The staves are labeled I, II, III, and IV from bottom to top. Each staff contains four measures of music. The first staff (I) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The second staff (II) continues the pattern with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The third staff (III) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The fourth staff (IV) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

30.

Exercise 30 is a four-staff piece in 4/4 time. The staves are labeled I, II, III, and IV from bottom to top. Each staff contains four measures of music. The first staff (I) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The second staff (II) continues the pattern with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The third staff (III) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The fourth staff (IV) features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingering numbers 1, 3, 4, and 4. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

31.

IV

III

II

I

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-6, 2-7, 3-8 u.s.w.

32.

Changes of position: From 1st to 6th,
2d to 7th, 3d to 8th, etc.

IV

III

II

I

33.

IV

III

II

I

34.

Exercise 34 is a descending scale study in C major, consisting of four staves labeled IV, III, II, and I. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a descending scale. The first measure is marked with a '2' and a '4' below the staff. The second measure is marked with a '2' and a '4' below the staff. The third measure is marked with a '2' and a '4' below the staff. The fourth measure is marked with a '2' and a '4' below the staff. The exercise is designed to be played with a metronome, with a tempo of 120 beats per minute.

35.

Exercise 35 is a descending scale study in C major, consisting of four staves labeled IV, III, II, and I. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a descending scale. The first measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The second measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The third measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The fourth measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The exercise is designed to be played with a metronome, with a tempo of 120 beats per minute.

36.

Exercise 36 is a descending scale study in C major, consisting of four staves labeled IV, III, II, and I. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is common time (C). The exercise is divided into four measures, each containing a descending scale. The first measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The second measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The third measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The fourth measure is marked with a '1' and a '1' below the staff. The exercise is designed to be played with a metronome, with a tempo of 120 beats per minute.

37.

Exercise 37 consists of four staves, labeled I, II, III, and IV. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingerings (1, 2, 4) and slurs, indicating shifts in position. The time signature is 4/4.

38.

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-7, 2-8, 3-9 u.s.w.

Changes of position: From 1st to 7th,
2d to 8th, 3d to 9th, etc.

Exercise 38 consists of four staves, labeled I, II, III, and IV. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingerings (1, 2, 3) and slurs, indicating shifts in position. The time signature is 4/4.

39.

Exercise 39 consists of four staves, labeled I, II, III, and IV. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingerings (1, 2) and slurs, indicating shifts in position. The time signature is 4/4.

40.

Exercise 40 consists of three systems of three staves each. The first system is marked 'IV' and the third 'III'. The exercise consists of ascending and descending scale passages with triplets and slurs. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3.

41.

Exercise 41 consists of three systems of three staves each. The first system is marked 'IV' and the third 'III'. The exercise consists of ascending and descending scale passages with slurs and fingerings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4.

42.

Exercise 42 consists of four systems of three staves each. The first system is marked 'IV' and the third 'III'. The exercise consists of ascending and descending scale passages with slurs and fingerings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4.

43.

Exercise 43 consists of two systems of three staves each. The first system is marked 'IV' and the second 'III'. The exercise consists of ascending and descending scale passages with slurs and fingerings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3.

II

I

44.

IV

III

II

I

45.

IV

III

II

I

46.

Exercise 46 consists of five staves of music. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingering numbers (1, 2, 3) and position markers (I, II, III, IV). The first staff is marked with 'IV' and the last with 'I'. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner.

Wechsel der Lagen: 1-8, 2-9, 3-10 u.s.w.

47.

Changes of position: From 1st to 8th,
2d to 9th, 3d to 10th, etc.

Exercise 47 consists of five staves of music. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingering numbers (1, 2) and position markers (I, II, III, IV). The first staff is marked with 'IV' and the last with 'I'. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner.

48.

Exercise 48 consists of five staves of music. Each staff contains two measures of ascending and descending scale patterns. The patterns are marked with fingering numbers (1, 2) and position markers (I, II, III, IV). The first staff is marked with 'IV' and the last with 'I'. The patterns are designed to be played in a continuous, flowing manner.

49.

Exercise 49 consists of five staves of music. The first staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'IV' and contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' and contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The fourth staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The fifth staff contains four measures of music, each with a triplet of eighth notes. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature 'C'.

50.

Exercise 50 consists of five staves of music. The first staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'IV' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The fourth staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The fifth staff contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature 'C'.

51.

Exercise 51 consists of five staves of music. The first staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'IV' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The second staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The third staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The fourth staff is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' and contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The fifth staff contains four measures of music, each with a group of four eighth notes. The music is written in treble clef with a common time signature 'C'.

52.

IV

III

II

I

53.

IV

III

II

I

54.

IV

III

Exercise 55, measures 1-3. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. It consists of three measures, each containing a sixteenth-note scale run. The first measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' above it. The second measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' above it. The third measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' above it. The notes are beamed together in groups of four, and the exercise is marked with a '4' time signature.

55.

Exercise 55, measures 4-6. The score continues with three more measures of sixteenth-note scale runs. The first measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'IV' above it. The second measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' above it. The third measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' above it. The notes are beamed together in groups of four, and the exercise is marked with a '4' time signature.

56.

Exercise 56, measures 1-4. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. It consists of four measures, each containing a sixteenth-note scale run. The first measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'IV' above it. The second measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'III' above it. The third measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'II' above it. The fourth measure is marked with a Roman numeral 'I' above it. The notes are beamed together in groups of four, and the exercise is marked with a '4' time signature.

57.

Tonleitern durch 3 Oktaven.

Scales Throughout 3 Octaves.

C dur.
C major.

Handwritten musical notation for C major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Man übe die NNQ 57-59 in allen folgenden Tonarten,
gebunden und gestossen:

Practise NOS 57-59 in all the following keys, both legato
and *détaché*.

A moll (harmonisch).
A minor (harmonic).

Handwritten musical notation for A minor (harmonic) scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

G dur.- G major.

Handwritten musical notation for G major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

D dur.- D major.

Handwritten musical notation for D major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

A dur.- A major.

Handwritten musical notation for A major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

E dur.- E major.

Handwritten musical notation for E major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

H dur.- B major.

Handwritten musical notation for B major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

E moll.- E minor.

Handwritten musical notation for E minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

H moll.- B minor.

Handwritten musical notation for B minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Fis moll.- F# minor.

Handwritten musical notation for F# minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Cis moll.- C# minor.

Handwritten musical notation for C# minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Gis moll.- G# minor.

Handwritten musical notation for G# minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

F dur.- F major.

Handwritten musical notation for F major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

B dur.- Bb major.

Handwritten musical notation for Bb major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Es dur.- Eb major.

Handwritten musical notation for Eb major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

As dur.- Ab major.

Handwritten musical notation for Ab major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Des dur.- Db major.

Handwritten musical notation for Db major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Ges dur.- Gb major.

Handwritten musical notation for Gb major scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

D moll.- D minor.

Handwritten musical notation for D minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

G moll.- G minor.

Handwritten musical notation for G minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

C moll.- C minor.

Handwritten musical notation for C minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

F moll.- F minor.

Handwritten musical notation for F minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

B moll.- Bb minor.

Handwritten musical notation for Bb minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

Es moll.- Eb minor.

Handwritten musical notation for Eb minor scale, 3 octaves. The notation includes slurs and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The scale is written in treble clef with a common time signature (C).

58.

Exercise 58 is a scale study in 2/4 time, spanning eight staves. The first four staves show ascending and descending eighth-note patterns with various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and slurs. The last four staves continue the patterns, including some with dotted rhythms and slurs. The exercise concludes with a final descending eighth-note scale on the eighth staff.

59.

Exercise 59 is a scale study in 3/4 time, spanning eight staves. The first four staves show ascending and descending eighth-note patterns with various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and slurs. The last four staves continue the patterns, including some with dotted rhythms and slurs. The exercise concludes with a final descending eighth-note scale on the eighth staff.