

MARIO CASTELNUOVO - TEDESCO

APPUNTI

PRELUDI E STUDI PER CHITARRA

Quaderno primo: gli intervalli

Revisione e diteggiatura di Ruggero Chiesa



EDIZIONI SUVINI ZERBONI - MILANO

PREFAZIONE

Quando, nella primavera del 1967, invitai Mario Castelnuovo Tedesco a scrivere una serie di pezzi di media difficoltà tecnica per essere destinati soprattutto ai giovani esecutori, egli aderì con entusiasmo a questa proposta che gli consentiva di realizzare un'idea che già maturava da tempo, ed iniziò la composizione di un'opera intitolata "Appunti", suddivisa in quattro Quaderni, in ciascuno dei quali intendeva sviluppare un particolare criterio tecnico e musicale: Quaderno Primo: "Gli intervalli" - Quaderno Secondo: "I ritmi" - Quaderno Terzo: "Le figurazioni" - Quaderno Quarto: "Sei studi seriali".

Questo importante lavoro, che avrebbe arricchito la letteratura chitarristica di una organica serie di composizioni, non fu portato a conclusione a causa dell'improvvisa scomparsa dell'Autore, che sino a quel momento era riuscito a terminare i primi due Quaderni, due brani del terzo e un abbozzo di tre studi seriali.

La mia collaborazione, riguardante la revisione e la datteggiatura, è stata possibile solo per il Quaderno Primo, già pubblicato, mentre per i rimanenti brani non ho potuto fare giungere in tempo all'Autore le mie osservazioni, in cui avrei richiesto numerose modifiche che avrebbero meglio adattato le composizioni alle possibilità tecniche dello strumento.

Alcune correzioni mi sono state segnalate da Ronald Purcell, allievo del compositore, ma esse riguardano purtroppo solo alcuni semplici casi. Ho pensato quindi che la migliore soluzione fosse quella di datteggiare i brani che non richiedevano importanti cambiamenti, lasciando agli esecutori la responsabilità di riportare in altri pezzi alcune modifiche, senza d'altra parte tradire il pensiero originale dell'Autore a cui i chitarristi debbono tante opere fondamentali della loro letteratura.

Ruggero Chiesa

PREFACE

When I invited Mario Castelnuovo Tedesco to compose some pieces for guitar in the spring of 1967, he adhered to the proposal with great enthusiasm. They were to be of middling technical difficulty and to be aimed mainly at the young performers. The idea gave him the opportunity to realize a plan he had in his mind for some time past and he at once started to compose "Appunti", an opus divided into four parts or books each of which contained and developed a specific musical and technical criterion: Book one, "Intervals", Book two, "Rhythm", Book three, "Figurations", Book four, "Six studies in serial composition".

Unfortunately, due to the untimely death of the author, this important work in the realm of guitar music was not concluded; only the first two books being finished plus two pieces of the third and sketches for three serial studies.

Only on the already published first book was my collaboration possible and this confined itself to fingering and revision only; my observations on the other material came too late. These were fairly numerous and would have entailed some modifications in order to align the pieces more to the technical possibilities of the instrument.

Ronald Purcell, pupil of the master, informed me that some corrections were carried out, but these were only of a slight order. In view of this I have come to the conclusion that the best thing to do would be to add the fingering to the pieces that did not require major alterations, leaving the responsibility of the changes in the other pieces to the performers. This seems the only way of not betraying the original intentions of the composer to whom guitarists owe so much of their basic literature.

Ruggero Chiesa

Ai giovani chitarristi

APPUNTI

PRELUDI E STUDI PER CHITARRA Op. 210

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MARIO CASTELNUOVO - TEDESCO

1967

I

Sulle corde a vuoto

(Marinaresca)

Andantino (Tempo di Siciliana)

First system of musical notation. The treble clef is in G major (one sharp). The time signature is 6/8. The music begins with a piano (p) dynamic and a 'dolce e cantabile' instruction. It features a melody with intervals marked 'p', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. The bass line consists of chords with intervals marked 'm', 'i', 'm', 'a', and 'm'. A mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic is indicated for the bass line. The system concludes with a 'p dolce ma sonoro' instruction.

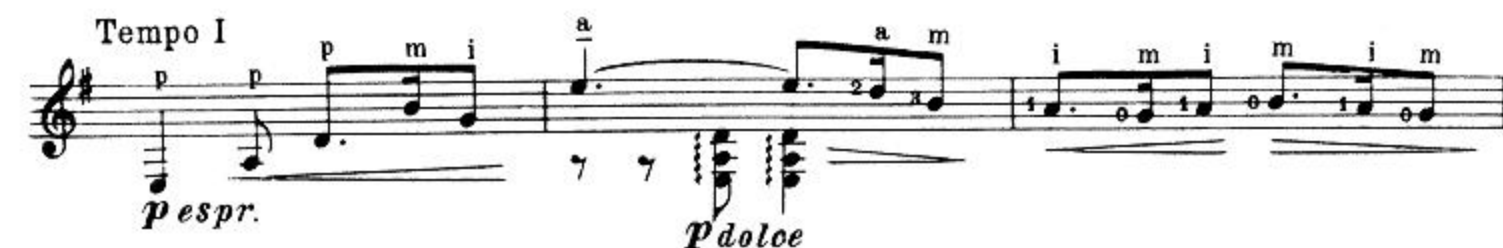
Second system of musical notation. The melody continues with intervals 'i', 'm', 'p', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'a'. The bass line features chords with intervals 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-piano (mp).

Third system of musical notation. The melody continues with intervals 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. The bass line features chords with intervals 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-piano (mp).

Fourth system of musical notation. The melody continues with intervals 'a', 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. The bass line features chords with intervals 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-piano (mp).

Fifth system of musical notation. The melody continues with intervals 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. The bass line features chords with intervals 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-piano (mp).

Sixth system of musical notation. The melody continues with intervals 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. The bass line features chords with intervals 'i', 'm', 'i', 'a', and 'm'. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-piano (mp). The system concludes with a 'p armonioso' instruction.





II

Melodia senza accompagnamento

(Preghiera)

Andante moderato

p quasi recitando

mf

mp

p

mp

(movendo un poco)

mf

(insistendo)

mf

f

(precipitando)

Tempo I

rit.

mf

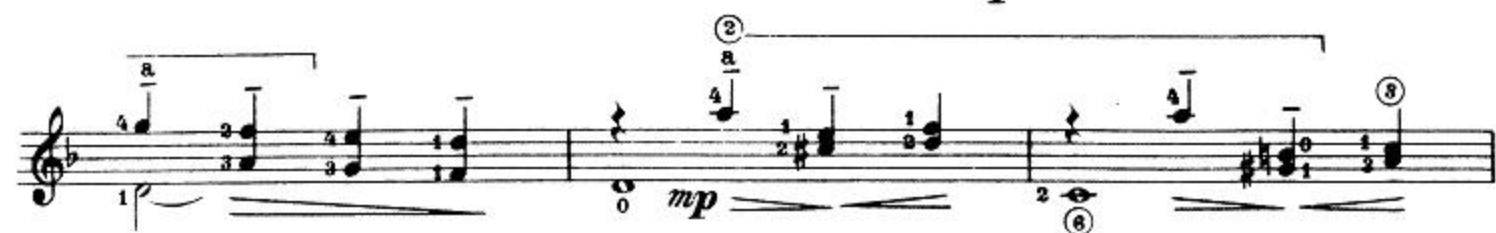
p

mf

*supplichevole*

C.I

C.V



C.VIII



Tempo I

 $\frac{1}{2}$ C.III

IV

Sulle terze

(Canto di mietitori)

Andantino campestre

p espr. cantando (come un coro a due voci)

mp

p espr.

mf

mp espr.

mp espr.

p dolce

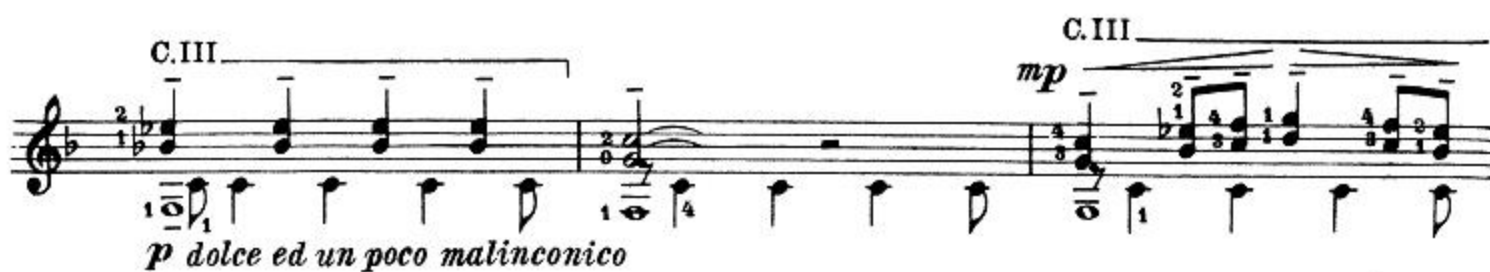
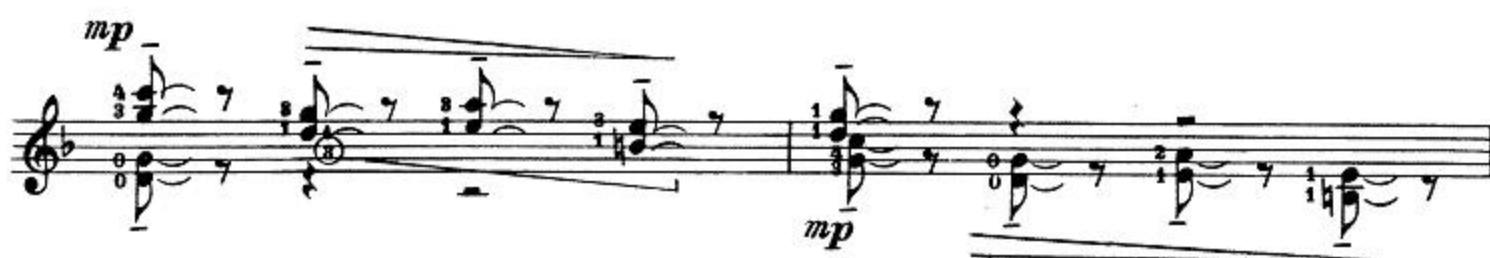


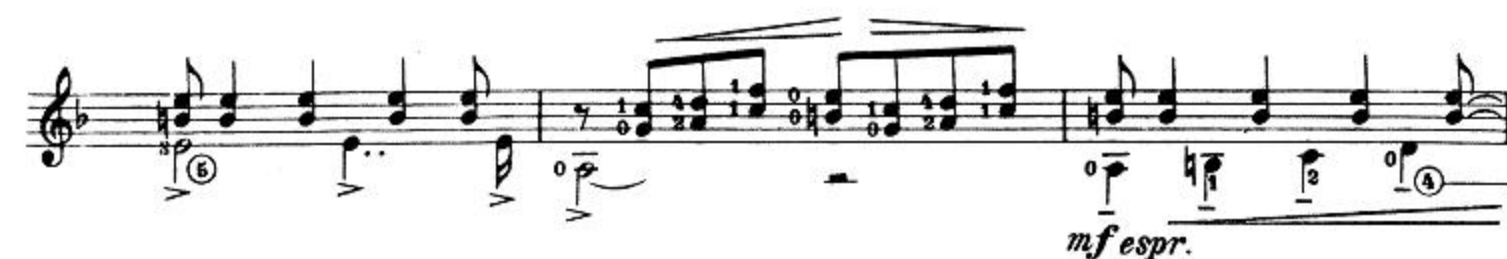
V

Sulle quarte

(Campane a valle)

Largo ed arioso





6 4 5 3

a a m a o

1 1 3 4 4

poco rit.

Tempo I (ma ancora più calmo)

4 1

p dolce e sonoro

p espr.

1 2 0

C.II

mp

3

C.II

mp

4 2 1 4 2 0 1 0

p espr.

più p

C.I

3 4 3 1 3 1 0 5 3

pp calmissimo

pp

VI

Sulle quinte

(Il ballo dell'orso)

mp un poco marcato e lamentoso



VII

Sulle seste

(Stornellatrice)

Andantino campestre

(Minore)

p espressivo e cantabile

First system of musical notation. The treble clef is on a single line. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 3/4. The music begins with a series of eighth notes, some marked with 'p' (piano) and 'pp uguale'. A melodic line is introduced with a 'm' (mezzo) dynamic and a slur, followed by a crescendo hairpin.

Second system of musical notation. It continues the melodic and harmonic development. A second ending bracket labeled with a circled '2' is shown. The dynamics remain 'p' and 'pp'.

Third system of musical notation. The dynamic changes to 'mp più espr.' (mezzo piano, more expressive). The melodic line continues with slurs and a crescendo hairpin.

Fourth system of musical notation. The dynamic changes to 'mf appassionato' (mezzo-forte, passionate). The music features more complex rhythmic patterns and a crescendo hairpin.

Fifth system of musical notation. The dynamic changes to 'f' (forte) and then 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The system includes a first ending bracket labeled with a circled '1' and a second ending bracket labeled with a circled '2'.

Sixth system of musical notation. The dynamic is 'mp' (mezzo piano). The system concludes with a final cadence marked by a double bar line and a key signature change to two sharps (F# and C#).

(Maggiore)*(Minore)**p uguale*

VIII

Sulle settime

(Serenatella)

Allegretto grazioso e umoristico

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in 4/4 time. It consists of seven staves of music. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The tempo and mood are indicated as "Allegretto grazioso e umoristico".

The score includes various dynamics and articulations:

- Staff 1:** Starts with *mp* and *con spirito*. Notes are marked with *a* (accents) and *i* (accents). A circled 2 indicates a second ending.
- Staff 2:** Features *mf* and *mp* dynamics. Notes are marked with *a* and *i*. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are present.
- Staff 3:** Starts with *p* (piano). Notes are marked with *a* and *i*. Fingering numbers are present.
- Staff 4:** Features *mf* dynamics. Notes are marked with *a* and *i*. Fingering numbers are present.
- Staff 5:** Starts with *mp*. Notes are marked with *a* and *i*. Fingering numbers are present. Chordal markings *C.V* and *C.III* are present.
- Staff 6:** Features *con spirito*. Notes are marked with *a* and *i*. Fingering numbers are present. Chordal markings *C.III* and *C.VIII* are present.

C.IV C.II C.IV C.II ② m i m m i m a m
mp *p*

C.VII C.IV C.II C.II ② m i m
p

più *p* *pp* C.II
con grazia

C.II m a m a m
p sf *mp* *burlesco* *p sf*

C.V ④ ⑤
mf espr.

p sf *mf burlesco* *p sf* ② ②

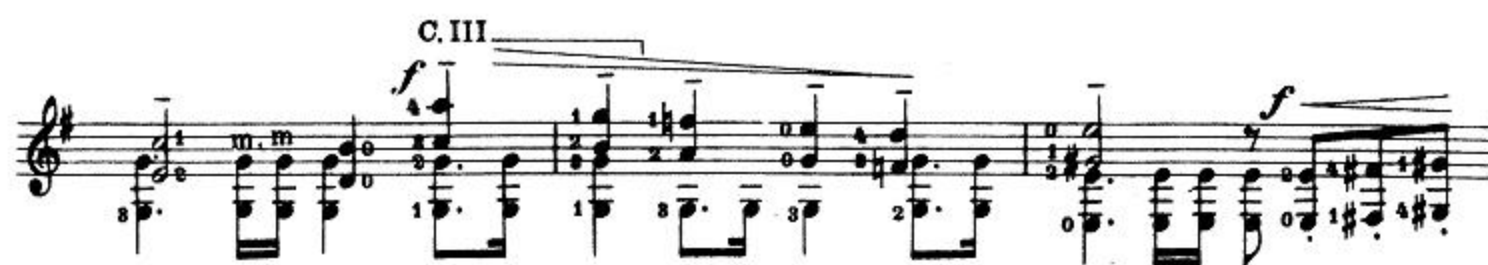


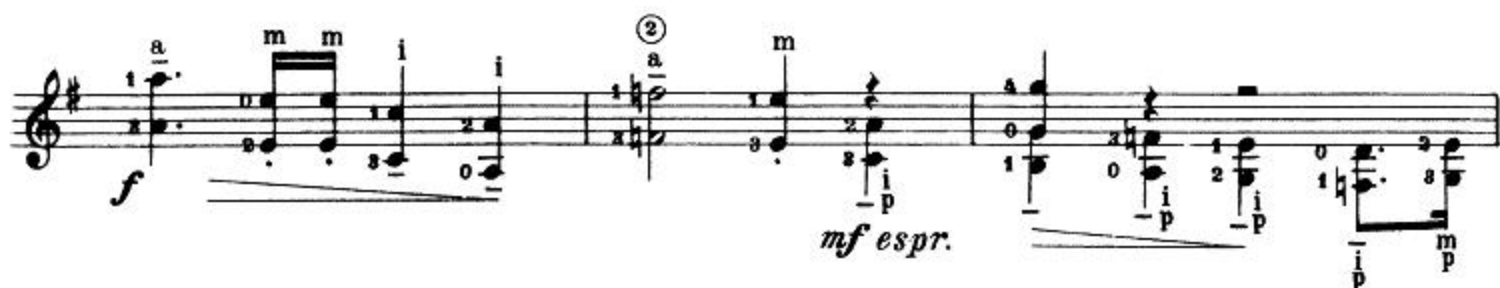
IX

Sulle ottave

(Marcia funebre per una marionetta)

Funebre e pomposo







X

Sulle none

(La pioggia nel roseto)

Mosso e frusciante

p^a dolce e armonioso

mp^a più espr.

p

i m i a i m i a i m i a i m i

i m i a i m i i m i i m i i m i i m i

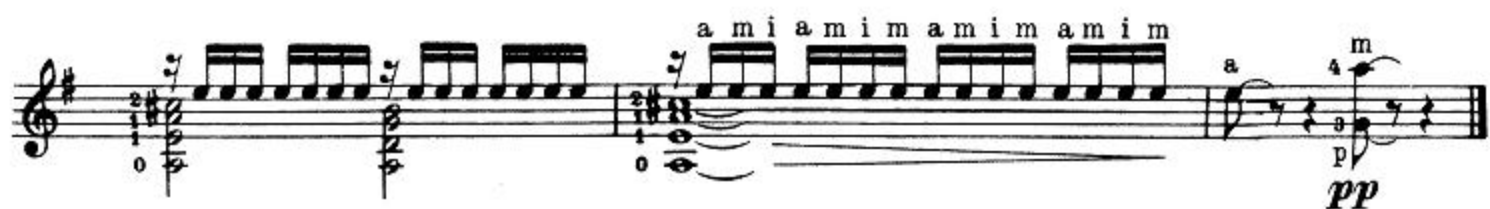
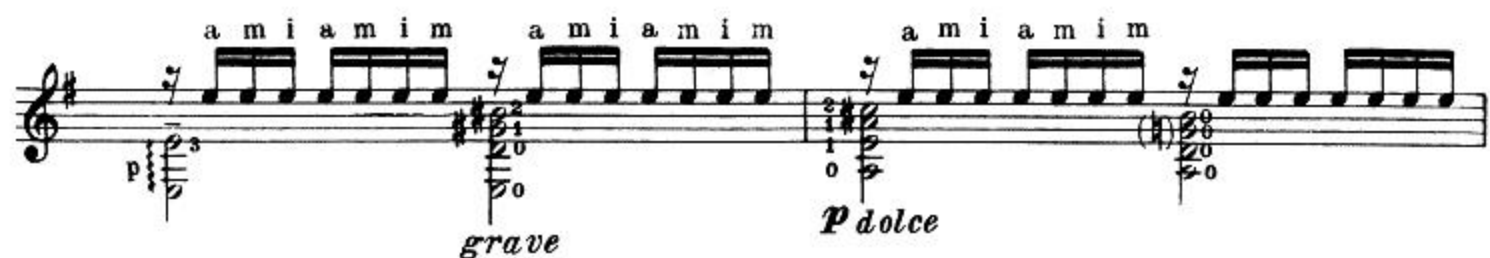
p più espr.

mp

mf

C. IV
mp

mp espr.



XI

Sulle decime

(Ave Maria)

Calmo e contemplativo

p dolce-cantando

pp l'accompagnamento



