

JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH

ITALIAN CONCERTO

F Major

[[Arranged for Piano Solo with a
Second Accompanying Piano
(four hands) as an Orchestra Part]]

by

A. SILOTI

Carl Fischer Inc.

Cooper Square

NEW YORK

Editor's Note

Every pianist in his student days has had to learn the "Italian Concerto" by Bach and everyone will remember that the second movement sounded somewhat *too long* and on this account rather uninteresting. This movement is really one of Bach's most beautiful compositions, but it has not found the same favor as the other two owing to the impossibility of executing the accompaniment with the left hand alone.

This prompted the idea of arranging the entire "Concerto" for piano solo, with accompaniment of a second piano as an *orchestral part*, and it seems to me that the beauties of the work became more apparent through such treatment. If this is so, then my arrangement is justified.

In the second movement the left hand of the solo is intended merely to strengthen the right hand part; that is, the left hand plays every *crescendo* half as strong, every *diminuendo* doubly as soft, as the right hand.

A.S.

New York
October, 1930

Italian Concerto

(F Major)

by

J. S. BACH

Arrangement for Piano Solo with a
Second Accompanying Piano (4 hands)
as an "orchestra part."

I

Transcriptions and Revisions
for Piano Students
by A. SILOTI

Allegro (♩ = 108)

Piano I
Solo
Tacet

Primo

Piano II

Secondo

8.

P.

II

S.

ff *mf* *cresc.*

P P+ P+ P P P+

ff *mf* *cresc.*

8.

P. *p*

II $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P

S. *f* *p*

8.

P. *cresc.* *f*

II $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$

S. *cresc.* *f*

8.

P. *cresc.*

II P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$

S. *cresc.*

Solo

p *mf*

ff *sf*

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

I

P.

II

S.

mf *cresc.*

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

I

dim.

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

I

p *cresc.*

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

I

This musical score page contains measures 1 through 16. It is divided into four systems, each with staves for Piano (P), II, and S.

- System 1 (Measures 1-4):** The Piano part features a melodic line with triplets and quintuplets, starting with a *mf* dynamic and ending with a *p* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The II and S parts provide harmonic support with chords and moving lines.
- System 2 (Measures 5-8):** The Piano part continues its melodic development, reaching a *f* dynamic in measure 7 before a *Tacet* instruction. The II and S parts continue their accompaniment.
- System 3 (Measures 9-12):** The Piano part is mostly silent, with activity in the II and S parts. The S part has a *f* dynamic in measure 11.
- System 4 (Measures 13-16):** The Piano part re-enters with a *f* dynamic in measure 14. The II and S parts continue with complex rhythmic patterns.

Throughout the score, various musical notations are used, including triplets, quintuplets, slurs, and dynamic markings (*mf*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *Tacet*). The II and S parts often play chords or moving lines that complement the Piano's melody.

I

Tacet

P.

II

S.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

f

25806-40

The musical score is written for piano (P), two violas (II), and strings (S). The first system consists of four staves. The piano part (P.) is on the top staff, featuring a melody with a crescendo. The two viola parts (II) are on the second and third staves, playing a rhythmic accompaniment. The string part (S.) is on the bottom staff, also playing a rhythmic accompaniment. The second system consists of four staves. The piano part (P.) is on the top staff, featuring a more complex melody with a crescendo. The two viola parts (II) are on the second and third staves, continuing their rhythmic accompaniment. The string part (S.) is on the bottom staff, continuing its rhythmic accompaniment. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

The image displays five systems of piano music, each consisting of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a single bass line below. The music is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and includes various dynamic markings and performance instructions.

System 1: The first system features a treble staff with rapid sixteenth-note passages and a bass staff with a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5. Dynamic markings include *P* (piano), *espr.* (espressivo), and *cresc.* (crescendo).

System 2: The second system continues the melodic and harmonic development. It includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking and various fingerings for both hands.

System 3: The third system shows a transition with a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking in the treble and a *p* (piano) marking in the bass. The texture becomes more sparse.

System 4: The fourth system returns to a more active texture with a *mf* marking and a *cresc.* marking. The bass line features prominent five-finger patterns.

System 5: The fifth system concludes the page with a *dim.* marking and a *p* marking. It features a wavy line in the treble staff, suggesting a sustained or tremolo effect, and continues the bass line's rhythmic pattern.

Throughout the score, fingerings are meticulously noted, and the dynamic range is carefully controlled, moving from piano to mezzo-forte and back to piano.

The musical score consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a single bass line below. The notation includes various musical elements:

- System 1:** Treble clef starts with a *p* dynamic. Bass clef has a *cresc.* marking. A *fp* marking is above the first measure. Fingerings (1-5) are indicated. The system ends with a *p* dynamic.
- System 2:** Treble clef has a *cresc.* marking. Bass clef has a *dim.* marking. Fingerings are indicated throughout.
- System 3:** Treble clef starts with a *p* dynamic. Bass clef has a *cresc.* marking. The system ends with a *p* dynamic.
- System 4:** Treble clef starts with a *mf* dynamic. Bass clef starts with a *pp* dynamic. A *dim.* marking is in the middle. The system ends with a *p* dynamic.
- System 5:** Treble clef starts with a *p* dynamic and a *dim.* marking. Bass clef has a *cresc.* marking. The system ends with a *p* dynamic.

Throughout the score, there are numerous articulation marks (vertical lines) and fingerings (numbers 1-5) indicating specific performance techniques. The dynamics range from *pp* (pianissimo) to *mf* (mezzo-forte).

I *cresc.* *f* *Tacet* ^{*)} (23)

P 2 P P 8

II P P P P P P P P

S. *f*

I *Solo* *p* *p*

P *f* *p* *Tacet*

II P P P P P P P P

S. *f* *p* *Tacet*

*) Two fingers together
25806-40

I

f *ff* *mf*

8 P P P P P P

II

f *ff* *mf*

P P P P P P

S.

f *ff* *mf*

I

cresc. *f*

8 P P P P P P

II

cresc. *f*

P P P P P P

S.

cresc. *f*

I

p *cresc.*

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

8

II

p *cresc.*

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

S.

p *cresc.*

3 4

8

I

f

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

8

II

f

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

S.

f

3

I

P.

II

S.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

I

P.

II

S.

ff

cresc. ritenuto

sf

fff

ff

cresc. ritenuto

sf

fff

ff

cresc. ritenuto

fff

Andante (♩ = 69)

*Solo **

mf sempre molto cantando ed espressivo

Piano I

Primo

Piano II

Secondo

pp sempre, senza espressione

legatissimo

pp sempre
sempre II da Ped.

sempre col 8^{va} basso...

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

legatissimo

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

I

cresc.

dim.

p

cresc.

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

P.

II

col 8^{va} basso...

col 8^{va} basso...

*) See Editor's note
25806-40

I

mf *dim.* *p* *dim.*

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

P

II

(P simile)

S.

col gva

I

cresc. *dim.* *p*

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P

P

II

S.

col gva

I.

f

dim.

II.

S.

col gva

I.

cresc.

cresc.

P.

II.

S.

col gva

I.

dim. *molto cresc.*

II.

S.

col gva.

I

cresc. *dim.*

P +P +P +P +P +P

P. II S.

non legato

col gva

I

p *p*

+P +P +P +P +P +P

P. II S.

col gva basso

I. *f* *p*

P. *P* *+P* *+P* *(P simile)*

S. *col gva*

I. *mf* *cresc.*

P. *P* *+P* *+P* *P* *+P* *+P* *P* *+P*

S. *col gva*

I

f

dim.

P + P + P + P + P +

P. II S.

col gva.....

I

dim.

p sempre poco a poco più cresc. al ff

P + P + P + P + P +

P. II S.

col gva.....

I

P

poco cresc.

II

S.

col gva.

I

P

ff

II

S.

dim.

col gva.

I

poco a poco più dimin.

poco ritardando

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

P

II

poco rit. e dim.

÷ P ÷P ÷P ÷ P ÷P ÷P

S.

dim.

col 8va.....

I

Poco meno

p mf

P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷ P ÷

P

II

Poco meno

pp

÷P ÷P ÷P ÷P ÷P ÷P ÷P ÷P

S.

Poco meno

pp

col 8va.....

I

cresc. *dim.* *cres.*

ri - - - te - - -

P + P + P + P + P + P +

P

poco cresc. ri - - p - - - te - - -

II

+ P +P +P +P +P

S.

col 8va...

I

nu - - - - - to *ten.* *f*

cen - - - do - - -

P + P + P + P +

P

nu - - - - - to *p* *rrda P+*

II

+P +P +P +P +P +P +

S.

col 8va...

8

P. *ff*

II *♯P* *♯P* *♯P* *♯P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+*

S. *ff*

P. *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *♯P* *♯P*

II *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *♯P* *♯P*

S. *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+* *♯P* *♯P*

I *Solo* *mf* *P* *+* *P* *+*

P. *8*

II *♯P* *♯P* *♯P* *♯P* *+* *+* *+* *+* *Tacet*

S. *dimin.* *p*

25806-40

I

The musical score consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a single 'I' marking on the left. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano). Pedal markings (P) and cross symbols (✚) are placed below the bass staff of each system. The notation includes various musical symbols such as slurs, ties, and accents.

mf

p

P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚

P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚

P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚

P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚

P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚ P ✚

I *f* *mf* *f*
 P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P
 I *mf dimin.* *p* *cresc.*
 $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P
 I *cresc.* *f*
 $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P
 I *cresc.* *Tacet*
 $\div$ P $\div$
 P *f*
 II *p* $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P $\div$ P
 S *f*

P. II S.

P + P + P + P + P + P

I.

Solo

p staccato e leggero

(senza Ped)

P. II S.

pp senza espr.

(senza Ped)

molto dim.

ppp staccatissimo

[L]da p

I

mf *p*

P

II

pp

S

ppp staccatissimo

I

mf *p*

P

II

pp

S

ppp

I

cresc.

P

II

P

S.

cresc.
II da p+

I

f Tacet

P

II

f cresc.

P

S.

f cresc.

This page contains five systems of musical notation, each consisting of two staves (treble and bass clef) joined by a brace on the left. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

System 1: The first staff has a *cresc.* marking. The second staff has a *cresc.* marking. Both staves have a *P* (piano) dynamic marking at the beginning of each measure.

System 2: The first staff has a *dimin.* (diminuendo) marking. The second staff has a *p* (piano) marking and a *cresc.* marking. Both staves have a *P* dynamic marking at the beginning of each measure.

System 3: The first staff has a *cresc.* marking. The second staff has a *cresc.* marking. Both staves have a *P* dynamic marking at the beginning of each measure.

System 4: The first staff has a *non legato* marking. The second staff has a *p* (piano) marking. Both staves have a *P* dynamic marking at the beginning of each measure.

System 5: The first staff has a *cresc.* marking. The second staff has a *cresc.* marking. Both staves have a *P* dynamic marking at the beginning of each measure.

The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The page number 36 is visible in the top left corner.

8.

P. *f*

II *♯P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+*

S. *f*

8.

P.

II *P* *+* *P* *+* *P* *+*

S.

8.

P. *mf* *sf* *f*

II *P* *sf* *♯P* *♯P* *♯P* *+*

S. *mf* *f*

Solo

I

p staccato e leggiero

mf

p

(senza Ped.)

P.

pp (senza) espr.

pp

(senza Ped.)

II

S.

ppp staccatissimo

ppp staccatissimo

I

mf

p

P.

pp

II

S.

p

ppp staccatissimo

I

P.

II

S.

mf

Tacet

Inda P+ *Tacet*

mf

mf

dimin.

cresc.

p

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

P $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$ *P* $\div$

I

 I

 I

 I

 P.

 II

 S.

I

P

II

S.

I

ff riten. e cresc. al fine

P

ff riten. e cresc. al fine

II

ff riten. e cresc. al fine

S.