

Изданія М.П.БЪЛЯЕВА въ Лейпцигѣ

А.СКРЯБИНЪ

СИМФОНІЯ

(Е)

ДЛЯ БОЛЬШАГО ОРКЕСТРА

СОЧ. 26

A.SCRIABINE

SYMPHONIE

(Mi)

POUR GRAND ORCHESTRE

OP. 26

Partition d'orchestre

1900
2228

Edition M. P. BELARFF, Leipzig

Edition M. P. Belaïeff à Leipzig.

Compositions pour Orchestre.

Antipow (C.). Op. 7. Allegro symphonique M. R.		
pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—
Artelboucheff (Nicolas). Op. 4. Polka caractéristique pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.—	1.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
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Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	2.—	1.—
Op. 9. Valse-Fantasia pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.60	1.80
Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	3.—	1.50
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Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—
Borodine (Alexandre). Finale de l'Opéra-Ballet inachevé „Mlada“, orchestré par N. Rimsky-Korsakow.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 4.50	2.25
Parties d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par N. Sokolow	3.—	1.50
Ouverture, Danses et Marche pour grand Orchestre, tirées de l'Opéra „Le Prince Igor“.		
1. Ouverture.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par N. Sokolow	4.—	2.—
Réduction pour Piano à 2 mains par F. Blumenfeld	3.—	1.50
2. Danses No. 8 (Danse des jeunes filles polovtsiennes) et No. 17 (Danse polovtsienne).		
Partition d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 24.—	12.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.50	—75
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par N. Sokolow	6.—	3.—
Réduction pour Piano à 2 mains par F. Blumenfeld	4.—	2.—
3. Marche polovtsienne.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par N. Sokolow	3.—	1.50
Réduction pour Piano à 2 mains par F. Blumenfeld	2.—	1.—
Eine Steppenskizze aus Mittelasien, für Orchester.		
Partitur	netto 3.—	1.50
Orchesterstimmen	netto 6.—	3.—
Duplirstimmen	je netto —.80	—15
Arrangement für Pianoforte zu 4 Händen vom Componisten	3.—	1.50
Transcrite pour Piano par Théodore Jadoul	2.—	1.—
2 Parties de la 3me Symphonie inachevée en LA mineur. Terminée et instrumentée par A. Glazounow.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains: la 1re partie par A. Glazounow, la 2e partie par N. Sokolow	5.—	2.50

Compositions pour Orchestre.

Cui (César). Op. 43. In modo populari. Petite Suite (No. 3) pour Orchestre. (I. Allegro moderato. II. Moderato. III. Vivace. IV. Moderato. V. Allegretto. VI. Vivace ma non troppo.) M. R.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 4.50	2.25
Parties d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—
Glazounow (Alexandre). Op. 3. 1er Ouverture sur trois thèmes grecs pour grand Orchestre. Nouvelle édition revue et corrigée par l'auteur.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—
Op. 5. 1re Symphonie (MI majeur) pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 36.—	18.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 2.40	1.20
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par Mme. Nadejda Rimsky-Korsakow	10.—	5.—
Op. 6. 2me Ouverture sur des thèmes grecs pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	5.—	2.50
Op. 7. Sérénade pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.—	1.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	2.—	1.—
Op. 8. A la mémoire d'un héros. Elégie pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.—	1.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	2.—	1.—
Op. 9. Suite caractéristique pour grand Orchestre. (I. a. Introduction. b. Danse rustique. II. Intermezzo scherzando. III. Carnaval. IV. Pastorale. V. Danse orientale. VI. a. Elégie. b. Cortège.)		
Partition d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 30.—	15.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.80	—90
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	9.—	4.50
Op. 11. 2me Sérénade pour petit Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.—	1.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 4.50	2.25
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.30	—15
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	2.—	1.—
Op. 12. Poème lyrique. Andantino pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 4.50	2.25
Parties d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.30	—15
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	3.—	1.50
Op. 13. „Stenka Rasine“. Poème symphonique pour grand Orchestre. (A la mémoire d'Alexandre Borodine.)		
Partition d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	5.—	2.50
Op. 14. 2 Morceaux pour Orchestre. (No. 1. Idylle. No. 2. Réverie orientale.)		
Partition d'orchestre	net 3.—	1.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.60	—30
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	3.—	1.50

Compositions pour Orchestre.

Glazounow (Alexandre). Op. 16. 2me Symphonie en FA-dièse mineur pour grand Orchestre. (A la mémoire de François Liszt.) M. R.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 36.—	18.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 2.40	1.20
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	12.—	6.—
Op. 18. Mazurka pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—
Op. 19. La Forêt. Fantaisie pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains de l'auteur	5.—	2.50
Réduction pour 2 Pianos à 8 mains par C. Tschernoff	3.—	1.50
Op. 21. Marche de Noces pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 8.—	4.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 16.—	8.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.50	—25
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains de l'auteur	2.—	1.—
Une Fête slave, tirée du Quatuor slave, Op. 26. Esquisse symphonique pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 9.—	4.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par N. Sokolow	4.—	2.—
Op. 28. La Mer. Fantaisie pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties d'orchestre	net 30.—	15.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.50	—75
Réduction pour 2 Pianos à 8 mains par l'auteur	9.—	4.50
Op. 29. Rhapsodie orientale pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 30.—	15.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.80	—90
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	9.—	4.50
Op. 30. Le Kremlin. Tableau symphonique pour grand Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 18.—	9.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 36.—	18.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	8.—	4.—
Op. 33. 3me Symphonie en RE majeur pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 24.—	12.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 48.—	24.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net 3.60	1.80
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	15.—	7.50
Op. 34. Le Printemps. Tableau musical pour Orchestre.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 6.—	3.—
Parties d'orchestre	net 12.—	6.—
Parties supplémentaires	à net —.90	—45
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains de l'auteur	3.—	1.50
Op. 40. Triumphant March on the occasion of the Worlds Columbian Exposition in Chicago 1893, composed for a grand Orchestra with Chorus (ad libitum).		
Full score	net 6.—	3.—
Orchestral parts	net 15.—	7.50
Supplementary parts	each net —.60	—30
Arrangement as a Duet for the Pianoforte (by the composer)	3.—	1.50
Op. 45. Carnaval. Ouverture pour grand Orchestre avec Orgue ad libitum.		
Partition d'orchestre	net 7.50	3.75
Parties d'orchestre	net 15.—	7.50
Parties supplémentaires	à net 1.20	—60
Réduction pour Piano à 4 mains par l'auteur	4.—	2.—

Symphonie

EN MI

pour

grand Orchestre

Voix et Chœur

composée
par

A. SCRIBABINE.

OP. 26.

Partition d'orchestre Pr. $\frac{M. 48}{R. 9}$ net.

Parties d'orchestre Pr. $\frac{M. 36}{R. 18}$ net.

Parties supplémentaires à $\frac{M. 3}{R. 1.50}$ net.

Parties de chœur (Soprano, Alto, Ténor, Basse à $\frac{R. 20}{R. 20}$) Pr. $\frac{M. 1.60}{R. 80}$

Réduction pour Piano à quatre mains par A. Winkler. Pr. $\frac{M. 10}{R. 5}$

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M. P. BELAÏEFF, LEIPZIG.

1900

2228 — 2231

Inst. Lith. de C. G. Kaden, Leipzig.

Symphonie.

I.

A. Scriabine, Op. 26.

Lento. M.M. ♩ = 66.

3 Flauti. I. II. III.

2 Oboi.

3 Clarinetti in A. I. II. III.

2 Fagotti. pp

4 Corni in F. pp

Violini I.

Violini II. div. a 3. pp

Viole. div. a 3. pp

Violoncelli. pp pizz. arco

Contrabassi. p pizz. p

Lento. M.M. ♩ = 66.

Fl. I. *p*

Clar.

Fag.

pp cresc.

Cor. *pp cresc.*

pp cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

Fl. *p cresc.*

Ob. *p cresc.*

Clar. III. *II. p cresc.*

Fag. *p cresc.*

Cor. *p cresc.*

Viol. I. *p cresc.*

Viol. II. unis. *p cresc.*

Viola. *p cresc.*

Vc. div. a 2. *p cresc.*

Cb. unis. *p cresc.*

p

Musical score for strings and woodwinds, measures 1-4. The score is written for a full orchestra, including strings (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses) and woodwinds (Flutes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Cor Anglais). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is marked "a 2" (Allegretto). The dynamics are marked "mf" (mezzo-forte) and "dim." (diminuendo). The woodwinds play a melodic line, while the strings provide a harmonic accompaniment.

Musical score for woodwinds and strings, measures 5-8. The score is written for a full orchestra, including strings (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses) and woodwinds (Flutes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Cor Anglais). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is marked "a 2" (Allegretto). The dynamics are marked "p" (piano) and "dolce" (dolce). The woodwinds play a melodic line, while the strings provide a harmonic accompaniment.

[illegible]

Fl. *p cresc.* III. *p cresc.* II. *p cresc.*

Ob. *p cresc.*

Clar. III. *p cresc.*

Fag. *p cresc.*

Cor. *p cresc.*

Viol. I. *p cresc.*

Viol. II. unis. *p cresc.*

Viola. *p cresc.*

Vc. div. a 2. *p cresc.*

Ch. *p cresc.*

2228

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The score includes staves for various instruments, with dynamics such as *mf*, *dim.*, and *p*. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#).

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The score includes staves for Flute (Fl.), Clarinet (Clar.), Bassoon (Fag.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Violin I (Viol. I.), Violin II (Viol. II.), Viola (Viole unis.), Violoncello (Vc.), and Contrabass (Cb.). Dynamics include *p*, *a 2*, and *dolce*. The key signature remains three sharps.

Fl.

Clar.

Fag.

Cor.

I. $\frac{4}{2}$

II. $\frac{4}{2}$

accel.

M.M. $\text{♩} = 84$

p dolce

pizz.

accel.

Fl. I.

Ob.

Clar.

Viol. I.

Viol. II. div.

pp

dolce

pp

pizz.

p

pp

pp

pizz.

p

Fl. II. III.

Ob.

Clar.

Cor. III.

Viol. Solo.

dolce

pp

dolce

p

pp

pp

p

pizz.

p

Fl. II, III.

Clar.

Fag.

Cor.

pp

pp

pp

cresc.

arco

pparco

pp

Viole div. a 3

Vc.

Ch.

Fl. I.

Ob. I.

Fag.

Cor. I, II.

pp

p

poco cresc.

poco cresc.

poco cresc.

poco cresc.

poco cresc.

poco cresc.

Tempo I.

I.

Fl. II. III.

Ob.

Clar.

Fag.

Cor.

Viol. I.

Viol. II. unis.

Viole unis.

2228

mf

First system of a musical score, measures 1-4. The score is written for a large ensemble, including strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 3/4. The first three measures are marked *ff* (fortissimo). In measure 4, the tempo changes to *all.* (allegretto). The woodwinds and strings enter with a melodic line marked *dim.* (diminuendo). The brass section has a melodic line marked *a 2.* (second ending). The percussion section has a melodic line marked *dim.* (diminuendo).

Second system of a musical score, measures 5-8. The score continues with the same ensemble. The key signature remains three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 3/4. The first three measures are marked *f* (forte). In measure 4, the tempo changes to *mp* (mezzo-piano). The woodwinds and strings enter with a melodic line marked *cresc.* (crescendo). The brass section has a melodic line marked *cresc.* (crescendo). The percussion section has a melodic line marked *cresc.* (crescendo). The first ending is marked *I.* (first ending). The second ending is marked *a 2.* (second ending). The score ends with a double bar line.

Musical score for strings and woodwinds, measures 1-12. The score is written for a string quartet (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello) and woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor I & II). The key signature is D major (two sharps). The time signature is 3/4. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *fp dolce* (fortissimo dolce), *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *pizz.* (pizzicato). The woodwinds enter in measure 1 with a melodic line, while the strings provide harmonic support. The score concludes with a *pp dolce* marking in measure 12.

Musical score for woodwinds and strings, measures 13-24. The score continues from the previous page. The woodwinds (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor I & II) and strings (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello) are featured. The key signature remains D major (two sharps). The time signature is 3/4. The score includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), *pp dolce* (pianissimo dolce), and *arco* (arco). The woodwinds play a melodic line, while the strings provide harmonic support. The score concludes with a *pp dolce* marking in measure 24.

Clar. II. III.

Fag.

Cor. I. II.

pp

pp

pp

div.

pp

Clar. II. III.

Fag.

Cor. I. II.

pp

pp

pp

Fl. picc. Picc.

Fl. I. II.

Ob.

Clar.

Fag.

Cor.

Viol. I. div. a 4.

Viol. II. div. a 3.

Viole div. a 3.

Ve. div.

Cb.

a 3

divisi

II.

Allegro drammatico. M. M. ♩ = 88.

3 Flauti. I. II. III.

2 Oboi.

1 Clarinetto in A.

2 Clarinetti in B.

2 Fagotti.

4 Corni in F.

3 Trombe in B.

3 Tromboni e Tuba.

Timpani E.H.

Violini I.

Violini II.

Viole.

Violoncelli.

Contrabassi.

p *cresc.* *f* *mf* *p* *div.* *mp* *unis.* *cresc.* *f*

Allegro drammatico. M. M. ♩ = 88.

Ob.
Clar. II. III.
Fag.
Cor. I. II.
Timp.

a 2.
mf
p
mf

F1.
Ob.
Clar.
Fag.
Cor.
Tuba.
Timp.

cresc.
f
f
f
mf
mf
mf

cresc.
f
f
f
f
f

The musical score is written for a grand piano (GP) and a string quartet (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass). The music is in 3/4 time and features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. The dynamic markings are *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The score is divided into two systems, each containing five staves. The first system shows the piano part with various melodic lines and the string quartet providing harmonic support. The second system continues the musical development, with the piano part featuring more intricate rhythmic figures and the strings maintaining a steady accompaniment. The overall texture is dense and expressive, typical of late 19th or early 20th-century piano music.

This page of musical notation, page 19, features two systems of staves. The first system contains 10 staves, and the second system contains 5 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings like *cresc.*, *f*, *dim.*, *ppp*, and *p*. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

The first system includes the following staves:

- Staff 1: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 2: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 3: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 4: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 5: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 6: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 7: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 8: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 9: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 10: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.

The second system includes the following staves:

- Staff 1: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 2: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 3: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 4: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.
- Staff 5: Treble clef, F# key signature. Notes: F#4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G#4, F#4.

This musical score page contains measures 10 through 15 of the first movement of 'The Swan' from Tchaikovsky's Swan Lake. The instrumentation includes Clarinet I, Bassoon, Cor Anglais III, Violin I, and Viola. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major for the strings, D-flat major for the woodwinds). The time signature is 3/4. The score is written for five staves. The Clarinet I part begins with a melodic line marked 'dolce' and 'pp'. The Bassoon part has a melodic line marked 'pp'. The Cor Anglais III part has a melodic line marked 'pp'. The Violin I part has a melodic line marked 'pp'. The Viola part has a melodic line marked 'pp' and 'dolce'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Clar. I.

dolce

poco cresc.

dim.

Cor.

Viol.

Viola.

Ve. div. a 3.

pp

poco cresc.

dim.

pp

poco cresc.

dim.

Cb. div.

pp

poco cresc.

dim.

[illegible]

Fl. I.
p cresc.

Ob. I.
p cresc.

Clar.

Fag.

Cor.

Trombe.

Tromboni e Tuba.

Viol.

Viole.

Vc.

Cb.

poco rit.

poco rit.

M. M. ♩ = 100.

mf cresc. *ff*

a 2. *mf cresc.* *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

f *f* *a 2.* *f*

I e II. *p cresc.* *mf*

p cresc. *f*

p cresc. *f*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

mf cresc. *ff*

f *mf cresc.* *ff*

M. M. ♩ = 100.

First system of musical notation, measures 1 through 6. The score is written for multiple staves, including treble and bass clefs. It features various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ppp* (pianississimo). The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The ninth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eleventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The twelfth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The thirteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventeenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The nineteenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The twentieth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp.

Second system of musical notation, measures 7 through 12. The notation continues from the first system, featuring various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ppp* (pianississimo). The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The ninth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tenth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eleventh staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The twelfth staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp.

Tempo I.

pp
Tempo I.

[illegible]

animando poco a poco

Violin I: *p*, *cresc.*

Violin II: *p*, *cresc.*

Viola: *p*, *cresc.*

Cello/Double Bass: *p*, *cresc.*

Violin I: *ppp*, *dolce*, *cresc.*

Violin II: *ppp*, *dolce*, *cresc.*

Viola: *ppp*, *dolce*, *cresc.*

Cello/Double Bass: *p*, *cresc.*

animando poco a poco

Musical score for page 26, featuring multiple staves with various instruments and dynamics. The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes staves for strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion. The second system includes staves for woodwinds, strings, and percussion. Dynamics include *mf*, *cresc.*, *poco cresc.*, *p*, and *pp*. The score is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C).

The first system includes staves for:

- Violins I and II (top two staves)
- Violas (third staff)
- Celli and Double Basses (fourth and fifth staves)
- Flutes (sixth staff)
- Oboes (seventh staff)
- Clarinets (eighth staff)
- Bassoons (ninth staff)
- Trumpets and Tubas (Tuba, Tbn. e Tuba. - tenth staff)
- Percussion (eleventh staff)

The second system includes staves for:

- Flutes (top staff)
- Oboes (second staff)
- Clarinets (third staff)
- Bassoons (fourth staff)
- Violins I and II (fifth staff)
- Violas (sixth staff)
- Celli and Double Basses (seventh staff)
- Percussion (eighth staff)

Dynamics and markings include:

- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- cresc.* (crescendo)
- poco cresc.* (poco crescendo)
- p* (piano)
- pp* (pianissimo)
- III. (third ending)

Musical score for a large ensemble, featuring 16 staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is divided into two systems of eight staves each. The first system includes staves for woodwinds, strings, and a soloist. The second system includes staves for woodwinds, strings, and a soloist. The notation is in a key with one flat and a 2/4 time signature. The page number 27 is in the top right corner.

Dynamics and performance instructions visible in the score include:

- poco cresc.* (poco crescendo)
- f* (forte)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- p* (piano)
- divisi* (divided)

The score is numbered 2228 at the bottom center.

The musical score is written for a large ensemble, including multiple staves for woodwinds, brass, strings, and voices. The tempo is marked *M. M.* ♩ = 152. The score is divided into two systems. The first system consists of 12 measures, and the second system consists of 12 measures. The score includes various dynamic markings such as *p*, *molto*, *cresc.*, *ff*, *dim.*, *p*, and *trem.*. The score is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The first system includes a vocal part with the lyrics "a 2". The second system includes a vocal part with the lyrics "V-le div. a 3".

accelerando

II. *p* *crescendo* *poco* *a* *poco*

p *crescendo* *poco* *a* *poco*

p *crescendo* *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

pp

ppp *pp*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

crescendo *poco* *a* *poco*

accel. *crescendo* *poco* *a* *poco*

allarg.

[illegible][illegible]

allarg.

allarg.

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-7. The score is written for a large ensemble with multiple staves. The tempo is marked *allarg.* (ritardando). The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *tr* (trill). The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

Musical score for the second system, measures 8-14. The score continues the musical piece with similar complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings. The tempo remains *allarg.* (ritardando). The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

allarg.

First system of the musical score, measures 1-12. The score includes parts for Horns (Hr.), Trumpets (Tr.), Trombones (Tuba), Violins (Viol. I, Viol. II), Viola (Vle), and Cello/Double Bass (Vc.). Dynamics include *pp*, *f*, *cresc.*, and *ff*. A *dolce* marking is present for the Violin I part. A first ending bracket (I.) spans measures 4-12.

Second system of the musical score, measures 13-24. The score continues with the same instruments. Dynamics include *pp*, *f*, *cresc.*, and *ff*. A *dolce* marking is present for the Cello/Double Bass part. A first ending bracket (I.) spans measures 13-24.

allarg.

Musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with various musical notations including dynamics (*cresc.*, *fff*, *dim.*, *p*), articulation (accents), and phrasing (slurs). The score includes a vocal line with lyrics "a 2 pavillon en l'air" and a piano accompaniment.

Musical score for the second system, continuing the composition with similar musical notations and dynamics. The system concludes with the tempo marking "allarg.".

2228

[illegible]

musical score for piano and orchestra, page 36. The score is in G major and 3/4 time. It features a piano part with triplets and a string section with a "I e II." marking. Dynamics include *mp*, *p*, and *unis.* The page number 2228 is at the bottom.

Fl. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Ob. *cresc.* *f* *ppp*

Clar. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Fag. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

a 2
Cor. *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Trbe. *p*

Trbnl & Tuba. *p*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

cresc. *f* *dim.*

Clar. I. *dolce*

Fag. *pp*

Cor. III. *pp*

Viol. *pp*

dolce *pp*

pp

Fl. I.

Ob. I.

Clar. I.

dolce

poco cresc.

dim.

dolce

poco cresc.

dim.

dolce

poco cresc.

dim.

Viol.

p

poco cresc.

dim.

Ve. div. a 3.

p

poco cresc.

dim.

p

poco cresc.

dim.

p

poco cresc.

dim.

Cb.

Fl. I.

Ob. I.

Clar. I.

dolciss.

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

Fl. I.

Ob. I.

Clar. I.

Fag. I.

Cor. I. II.

Trbne III e Tuba.

Vo. unis.

p *cresc.* *mf* *poco dim.*

M. M. ♩ = 100.

Fl. *mf cresc.*
a 2

Ob. a 2
mf cresc.

Clar. *mf cresc.*

Fag. a 2 *mf cresc.*

Cor. *mf cresc.*

Trbe. I. II. *p cresc.*

Trbn. e Tuba *p cresc.*

M. M. ♩ = 100.

2228

musical score for a piano piece, page 40. The score is written for a grand piano (GP) and a string quartet (2 violins, 2 violas, 2 cellos, 2 double basses). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 3/4. The score consists of two systems of staves. The first system has 10 staves (5 for GP, 5 for strings). The second system has 5 staves (3 for GP, 2 for strings). The music features various melodic lines, arpeggiated figures, and dynamic markings such as *p*, *pp*, and *ppp*. There are also performance instructions like "a 2" and "div."