

Insomnia

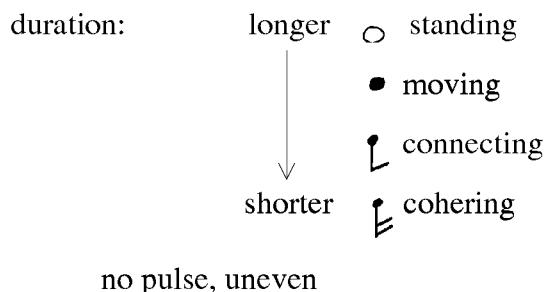
for violin and harp (1996 rev. 2002)

TAKAHASHI, Yuji

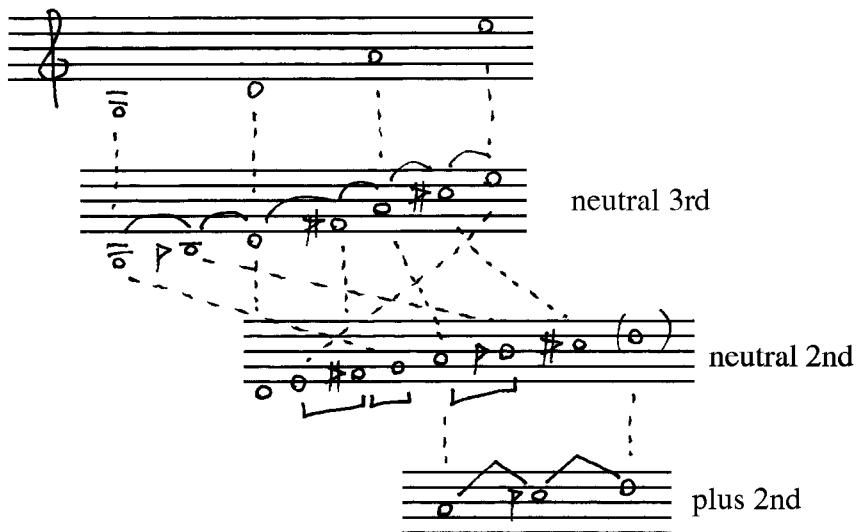
written for Gidon Kremer and Yoshino Naoko

notation: pitch: ♯ = about 1/4 tone sharp

♭ = about 1/4 tone flat



the intervals used



VIOLIN: a loose bow, light and full bowing

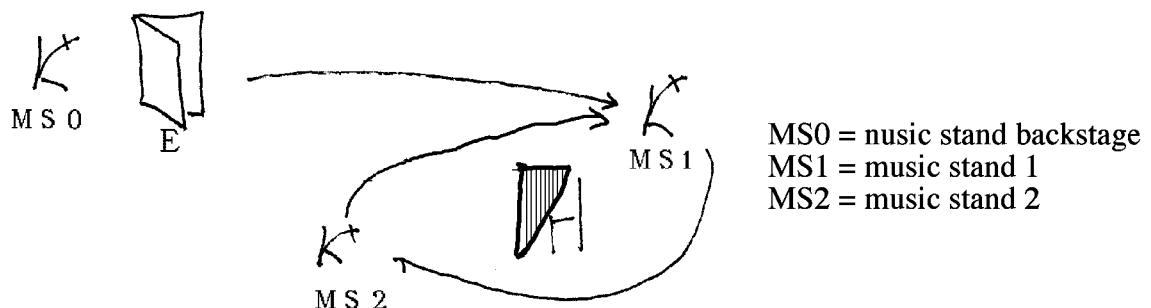
The first two lines of Mandelstam's poem "Insomnia" was quoted in Vasily Akshonov's roman "Burn". Years later when I thought of composing something for Gidon Kremer and Yoshino Naoko, I remembered this poem and thought about artists without a place to live safely on the Earth, Mandelstam, Ovid and many Russian underground artists during 1970s.

The first version was written for violin and *kugo*, the ancient East Asian harp. This version is for violin and Western harp.

The harp at the stage center is like Penelope's loom with which she weaved every day and undid every night. Musicians also put various textures together to make music that never is completed. Violin player circles around the harp like Odysseus who never arrives to his true home.

stage set:

prepare 3 music stands, the two in the stage, the one backstage for violin



MS0 = music stand backstage
MS1 = music stand 1
MS2 = music stand 2

Бессонница. Гомер. Тугие паруса.
Я список кораблей прочел до середины:
Сей длинный выводок, сей поезд журавлиный,
Что над Элладою когда-то поднялся.

Как журавлиный клин в чужие рубежи –
На головах царей божественная пена –
Куда плывете вы? Когда бы не Елена,
Что Троя вам одна, ахейские мужи?

И море, и Гомер – всё движется любовью.
Кого же слушать мне? И вот Гомер молчит,
И море черное, витийствуя, шумит
И с тяжким грохотом подходит к изголовью.

О. МАНДЕЛЬШТАМ 1915

Insomnia. Homer. Taut sails.
I've read to the middle of the list of ships:
the strung-out flock, the stream of cranes
that once rose above Hellas.

Flight of cranes crossing strange borders,
leaders drenched with the foam of the gods,
where are you sailing? What would Troy be to you,
men of Achaea, without Helen?

The sea - Homer - it's all moved by love. But to whom
shall I listen? No sound from Homer,
and the black sea roars like a speech
and thunders up the bed.

1915

Osip Madelstam
translated by Clarence Brown and W.S.Merwin

眠れない ホメーロス 張りつめた帆
船の名簿を半分読んでしまった
雛鳥の長い行列 鶴の群れ
むかしギリシャの空高く昇ったそれを

鶴の楔は 異国へむかう——
王たちの頭には神々の泡——
どこへ漕いでゆく ヘレネーがいなければ
トロイアが何だ、アカイアの男たちよ

海もホメーロスも——すべては愛にうごかされる
だがだれにたずねようか ほら ホメーロスは沈黙して
黒い海は 雄弁に ざわめき
重くとどろき 枕辺に迫る

VIOLIN: backstage music stand

listen to KUGO for a while,
then start playing backstage and go to MS1 on the stage.

A



modulate: gradually relieve the control over pitch, exact figure, etc.
at MS1, start B(see another page).

exit playing A
and here play the beginning of E

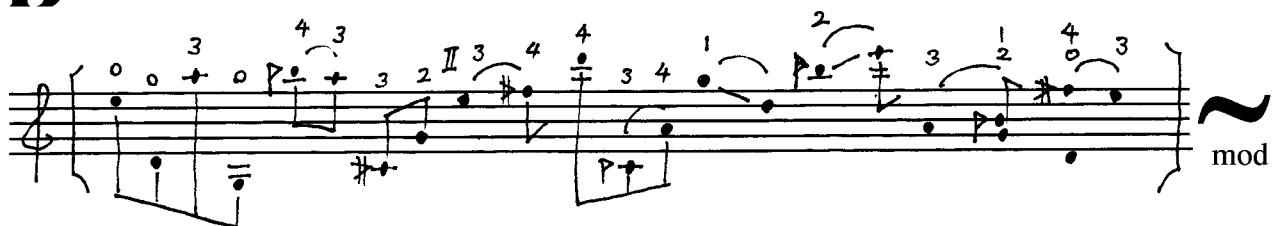
Handwritten musical notation for section E, starting from the beginning of section A. It consists of two staves of violin music. The top staff begins with a measure of eighth-note patterns (circles, diamonds, squares) followed by a measure of sixteenth-note patterns with dynamics (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) and a "ricochet" instruction. The bottom staff begins with a measure of eighth notes followed by a measure of sixteenth-note patterns with dynamics (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6). Both staves include performance instructions like "accel.", "edim.", and "mod".

The END

VIOLIN: onstage music stand 1- page1

from backstage playing A
here change to B

B



modulate: keep fingering, freely change strings and positions

then change to A, go to MS2

A



modulate: gradually relieve the control over pitch, exact figure, etc.

at MS2, start C(see another page).

VIOLN: onstage music stand 1- page2

from MS2 playing F2(pz)
here change to G(cadenza)
mix: play fragments within () any order, any times

G

The musical score for Violin part G is composed of ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various articulations such as pizzicato (pz), plus (+), and ricochet. The first staff features a melodic line with grace notes and dynamic markings like III, I, II, and I. Subsequent staves show more complex patterns, including slurs, grace notes, and dynamic changes. Some staves include specific instructions like "détaché" and "ricochet". The score is designed to be played in any order and any number of times.

then go to MS2, playing H

H

mix arco, +, pz change for each note

The musical score for Violin part H consists of a single staff of handwritten musical notation. It includes dynamic markings such as plus (+) and pizzicato (pz). A brace groups several measures, and a bracket labeled "mod" indicates a modulation or change in key. The score requires mixing between arco and pizzicato techniques for each note.

VIOLN: onstage music stand1 - page3

from MS2, playing **I**
here change to **A** and walk off stage playing

A

mod

modulate: gradually relieve the control over pitch, exact figure, etc.

VIOLIN: onstage music stand 2- page1

from MS1 playing A

C

mix: play fragments within () any order, any times

The score is composed of eight staves of handwritten musical notation for violin. Each staff begins with a clef (G or F), a key signature, and a time signature. The notation includes various note heads (solid black dots, open circles, plus signs, and a circled 'o'), stems, and beams. Measure numbers 1 through 8 are written above the first few staves. Measure 1 starts with a G-clef, a single sharp, and common time. Measure 2 starts with a G-clef, two sharps, and common time. Measure 3 starts with a G-clef, one sharp, and common time. Measure 4 starts with a G-clef, three sharps, and common time. Measure 5 starts with an F-clef, one sharp, and common time. Measure 6 starts with an F-clef, no sharps or flats, and common time. Measure 7 starts with an F-clef, one sharp, and common time. Measure 8 starts with an F-clef, one sharp, and common time.

while playing, recite the word fragments now and then (any order):

- 1) **пена—одна—не Елена—над Элладою**
- 2) **молчит—черное—и море—и Гомер**
- 3) **на головах—к изголовью**
- 4) **тугие паруса—в чужие—поднялся**
- 5) **журавлиный—до середины—сей длинный**

when KUGO change to **section 3**

stop and listen for a while,
then recite the first stanza of Mandelstam (see next page):

VIOLN: onstage music stand 2- page2

recite:

Бессонница. Гомер. Тугие паруса.
Я список кораблей прочел до середины:
Сей длинный выводок, сей поезд журавлиный,
Что над Элладою когда-то поднялся.

眠れない ホメーロス 張りつめた帆
 船の名簿を半分読みでしまった
 雉鳥の長い行列 鶴の群れ
 むかしギリシャの空高く昇ったそれを

then play D

D

modulate: keep fingering, and gradually deviate to higher positions.

then play E (see next page)

VIOLIN: onstage music stand 2- page3

E

(start together with KUGO section 4 but in own tempo)

modulate: gradually relieve the control over pitch, exact figure, etc.

while playing, insert the recitation twice:

1)

**Как журавлиный клин в чужие рубежи –
На головах царей божественная пена –**

鶴の楔は 異国へむかう --
王たちの頭には神々の泡 --

2)

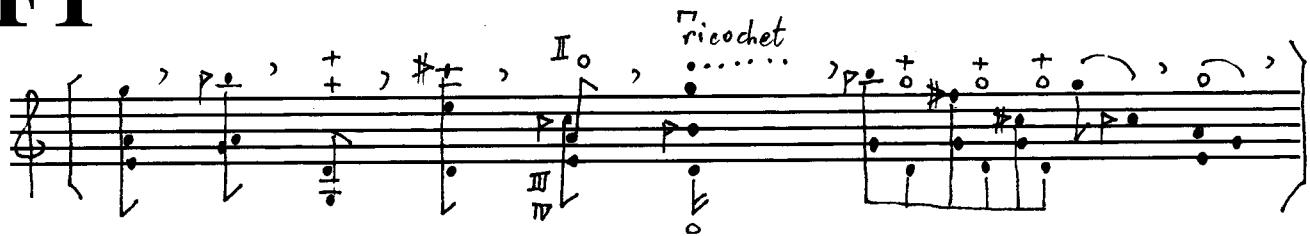
**Куда плывете вы? Когда бы не Елена,
Что Троя вам одна, ахейские мужи?**

どこへ漕いでゆく ヘレネーがいなければ
トロイアが何だ、アカイアの男たちよ

then play F1 (see next page)

VIOLN: stage musicstand 2- page4

F1



gradually change to

mod
~~~~~

**F2**



go to MS1, playing **F2**

from MS1, playing **H**  
here at MS2, recite (while still playing):

И море, и Гомер – всё движется любовью.  
Кого же слушать мне? И вот Гомер молчит,  
И море черное, витийствуя, шумит  
И с тяжким грохотом подходит к изголовью.

then play **I** (see next page)

海もホメーロスも——すべては愛にうごかされる  
だがだれにたずねようか ほら ホメーロスは沈黙している  
黒い海は 雄弁に ざわめき  
重くとどろき 枕辺に迫る

## VIOLN: stage music stand 2- page5

**I**

mod

modulate: keep fingering, and gradually deviate to higher positions.

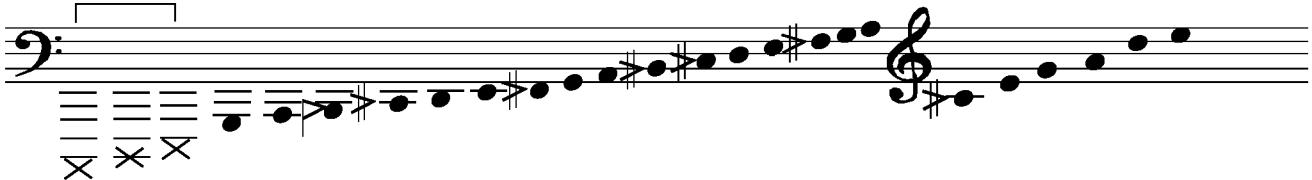
go back to MS1, playing **I**

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HARP - page 1

**tuning:**

untune



## section 1

R 1  
L 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 3 2 2

continue similarly with fixed finger positions

(VIOLIN: start playing backstage and enter)  
when VIOLIN arrives at MS1, change to:

## section 2

**section 2**

The musical score consists of two staves of bassoon music. The top staff begins with a dynamic of **R**, followed by a series of eighth-note patterns with fingerings 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1. The bottom staff begins with a dynamic of **L**, followed by a series of eighth-note patterns with fingerings 4, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1. Both staves end with a dynamic of **~**.

A musical staff with five horizontal lines and four spaces. It features a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth-note pairs connected by slurs. Fingerings are indicated above the notes: the first pair has a '1' over the first note; the second pair has a '2' over the first note; the third pair has a '3' over the first note; the fourth pair has a '4' over the first note; the fifth pair has a '1' over the first note; the sixth pair has a '1' over the first note; the seventh pair has a '2' over the first note; the eighth pair has a '3' over the first note; and the ninth pair has a '4' over the first note.

# HARP - page 2

(VIOLIN: go to MS2, play and recite word fragments)

when VIOLIN arrives at MS2, change back to **section 1:**

R 1  
L 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 2 1 2 2 2 3 4  
2 1 2 2 2 3 4 2 1 2 2 2 3 4

3 4

continue similarly with fixed finger positions

when VIOLIN tacet, change to:

## section 3

Left hand:

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4  
2 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 4

then:

1 2, 3, 4  
2 3 4

Right hand: independently now and then

(  
G 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 )

**Бессонница**  
ね むれな い

**Гомер**  
ホメーロス

**Ту-ги-е паруса**  
張りつめ た 帆

intone with right hand figures with the rhythm of the words

(VIOLIN: recite the first stanza - see next page)

**section 4** (start together with **VIOLIN E**, but in own tempo)

tremolo with flesh and nail side  
of a finger

3, 2, 1  
1, 2, 3

when **VIOLIN** leaves **MS2**, change to:

**section 5**

Left hand:

then:

Right hand: independently now and then  
any order, any number of times

(

)

when **VIOLIN** arrives at **MS1**, stop playing  
then

when **VIOLIN** leaves **MS1**, play:

**section 6**

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listen to **VIOLIN** and play the same or nearby pitch in any octave  
no need to play after every note of **VIOLIN**

(see next page)

# HARP - page 4

when VIOLIN starts playing I leaving MS2, change to:

## section 7

Left hand:

then:

Right hand: independently now and then

any order, any number of times

after a while change to:

Left hand only

any order, any number of times

(untuned).....

## then to section 1

during the exit of VIOLIN with diminuendo al niente

The END