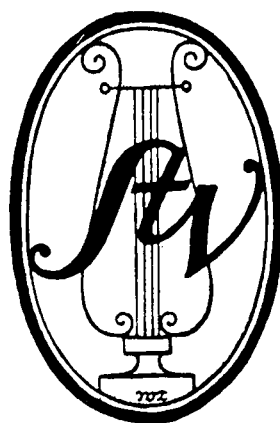


EDITION STEINGRÄBER

Nr 22

MERTKE

OKTAVENTECHNIK



EDITION STEINGRÄBER

Schwierigkeitsgrade: Anfangsstufe (1), (2), Mittelstufe (3), (4), Oberstufe und Reife (5), (6).

Klavier zu 2 Händen.

- Album für die Jugend: (Schwalm), 4 Bände.
(je 20 Stücke ohne Oktavenspannung).
- 185 — I. Haydn-Mozart (2)
186 — II. Beethoven-Weber (2)
187 — III. Schubert-Mendelssohn (2)
188 — IV. Schumann, Chopin, Rubinstein, Tschalkowsky (2)
153 Alpenklänge, 15 Gebirgslieder-Transkriptionen (2)
96/37 Altmeister des Klavierspiels. (Riemann), Bd I, II. (4-5)
1498 Antallfy: Karnevalsszenen. Vier Humoresken (4-5)
1718 — Drei lyrische Stücke (4)
1121/8 Ascher-Album. Band I—VIII: je 8 Salonstücke. (2-4)
1129 — Band IX: Fünf Opernfantasien (2-4)
Bach, J. S.: Klavierwerke (Bischoff), in 7 Bänden.
111 — I. Inventionen, Toccaten usw. (4-6)
112 — II. Suiten (4-5)
113 — III. Partiten (5)
114 — IV. Sonaten, Toccaten usw. (4-5)
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117 — VII. Kl. Präludien, Fantasien, Fugen usw. (2-4)
1186 — Das wohltemperierte Klavier. Auswahl (Tausig) (5)
1638/9 — Le Clavecin bien tempéré, 2 Bände (5)
577/8 — Die Fugen des wohltemperierten Klaviers, partitur-
mäßig dargestellt (Stade), 2 Bände (5)
363/4 — Die Präludien des wohltemp. Klav. (Bischoff), 2 Bde. (4)
1786 — Zwei- und dreistimmige Inventionen (Bischoff) (4)
1787 — Kleine Präludien und Fugen (Bischoff) (3)
145 — Ausgewählte Konzertstücke (Bischoff) (5)
91 — 50 Präludien, Inventionen, Gavotten (Bischoff) (3-4)
1919 — Zwölf mittelschwere Klavierstücke (Seifert) (3)
98 — Konzert D-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
99 — E-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
108 — f-moll (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
109 — a-moll (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
118/9 — d-moll, F-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
Bearbeitungen:
1452 — Große Orgel-Passacaglia (Weiss) (6)
1920 — Orgel-Präludium und Fuge d-moll (Clegg) (4)
110 Bach-Album: Auswahl leichter Kompositionen (Kullak) (2-3)
1999 Bach-Büchlein. Auswahl leichter Stücke Bachs (Frey) (2-4)
95 Bach, Joh. Bernh.: Fuge F-dur (Riemann) (4)
92 Bach, J. Chrn.: Konzert G-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (4)
106/7 — E-dur, D-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Riemann) (4)
168 — Sonate c-moll (Riemann) (4)
93 Bach, J. Chrnph.: Sarabande mit Variationen (Riemann) (4)
166 Bach, J. Chrnph.: Allegretto con Variazioni (4-5)
94 Bach, C. Ph. E.: Ausgew. Kompositionen (Riemann) (4-5)
101/5 — Konzerte c-moll, G-, D-, D-, Es-dur (m. II. Klav.)
(Riemann) (4-5)
2091 — Konzert d-moll (m. II. Klav.) (Hinze-Reinhold) (4-5)
161/64 Bach, W. F.: Konzerte c-moll, D-dur, a-moll, F-dur (m.
II. Klav.) (Riemann) (5)
165 — Suite g-moll, Sonaten u. kleine Werke (Riemann) (4-5)
1418 Baeker: Op. 18. Kunterbunt. Zehn kleine Stücke (4)
1436 — Op. 19. Sechs Klavierstücke (4)
1443 — Op. 20. Fünf Klavierstücke (4)
1504 — Op. 21. Bunte Skizzen. Neun kleine Stücke (3)
1505 — Op. 22. Erste Klaviersonate in knapper Form (4)
1567/8 — Op. 26. Lyr. Skizzenbuch. Acht Stücke, 2 Hefte (3)
1569/70 — Op. 28. Bilder und Studien. Acht Stücke, 2 Hefte (3)
1719/20 — Op. 29. Aus meinem Dörchen. 8 Stücke, 2 Hefte (3)
1823/4 — Op. 31. Klavier-Suite, 2 Hefte (4)
1917/8 — Op. 34. Fröhliche Zeit. Acht Stücke, 2 Hefte (2-3)
894 Baumgartner u. a., 8 Salonstücke (2)
Beethoven: Sämtliche Sonaten (Damm), in 5 Bänden.
120 — I. Op. 2 Nr. 1—3, Op. 7, 10 Nr. 1 u. 2. (4-6)
121 — II. Op. 10 Nr. 3, Op. 13, 14 Nr. 1, 2, Op. 22,
26, 27 Nr. 1 (4-6)
122 — III. Op. 27 Nr. 2, Op. 28, 31 Nr. 1—3, Op. 49
Nr. 1 u. 2 (3-6)
123 — IV. Op. 53, 54, 57, 78, 79, 81a, 90 (3-6)
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1/2 — Dieselben, Ausgabe in 2 Bänden (3-6)
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richt (Damm) (2-3)
125/6 — Variationen und andere Werke (Damm) 2 Bände. (2-4)
Konzerte (m. II. Klav.) (Kullak).
127 — Op. 15 C-dur (mit Vorwort zu den Konzerten) (6)
128 — Op. 19 B-dur (6)
129 — Op. 37 c-moll (6)
130/1 — Op. 58, 73, G, Es (6)
143 — Op. 80. Fantasie c-moll (m. II. Klav.) (Kullak) (6)
456/9 — Kadenzen (Winding) zu den Konzerten Nr. 1, 2, 3, 4 (6)
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132 — Instrumentalsätze, Vierzehn ausgewählte (4-5)
133 — Lieder und Gesänge, 25 ausgewählte (3)
466 — Türkischer Marsch in Rubinstein's Man. (Door) (5)
186 — Stücke für die Jugend (Schwalm) (2)
146/7 Beethoven-Album: 20 bel. Stücke (Damm), 2 Bände (4-5)
152, 202 Behr: Op. 603. Album I. leichtesten Stile, Band I, II (1)
(je dreißig Stücke ohne Oktavenspannung)
598 — 8 beliebte Kompositionen (2)
Bendel: Ausgewählte Kompositionen (Damm), 4 Bände.
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1276 — II. Op. 139. Am Genfer See (3-4)
1277 — III. Op. 131 u. 137. Schweizerbilder (3-4)
1278 — IV. Op. 135. Deutsche Märchenbilder (3-4)
1393 — Op. 14 Nr. 2. Menuett „Mozart“ (3)
1394/5 — Spinnrädchen, Dornröschen (4)

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- 1897 Berens: Op. 61. Schule der Geläufigkeit (Seifert) (2-3)
1865/8 — Op. 61. Ausgabe in 4 Hefen (2-3)
1916 — Op. 89. Die Pflege der linken Hand (Seifert) (3-5)
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1441 — Op. 21. Kadenzen zu Mozarts Konzert d-moll (5)
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797 — Ballet des Sylphes (Wolff) (3)
798 — Sérénade de M-phisto (Wolff) (3)
799 — Chant d'amour (Wolff) (3)
925 Berlioz-Krug-Album: 10 Salonstücke (3-4)
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792/3 — Op. 32, 100. Etüden (Schwalm) (2-3)
794 — 12 kleine Stücke für Anfänger (Schwalm) (2-3)
155 Beyer: Op. 36. 8 Opernfantasien (Damm) (2)
Bizet: Carmen-Transkriptionen (Wolff)
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1387/92 — Zigeunerlied. Duett 1, 2, Intermezzo, Arie,
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1320 Blasser: Op. 107. Dröleries. Drei Stücke (4)
157 Bolck: Op. 68. Zwölf instruktive Charakterbilder (1)
1929/31 Bose: Op. 4 Nr. 1, 2, 3. Elegie, Intermezzo, Scherzo (5)
2035 — Op. 9. Suite (4-5)
1376 Braun: Op. 6. Sechs Kinderstücke (2)
160 Breslaur: Op. 33. Leichte Tänze (1)
1279 Brunner: Op. 118. Klavierschule, in verbesserter und
ergänzter Ausgabe von B. Wolff (2)
1281 Burgmüller: Op. 100. 25 leichte Etüden (Damm) (2)
1292 — Op. 109. 18 Etüden (Folge von Op. 100) (Damm) (3)
1293 — Op. 105. 12 melodische Etüden (Damm) (4)
1934 Cämmerer: Op. 24. Zwölf Kinderstücke (2-3)
2011 Chop: Symphonische Variationen (6)
Chopin: Sämtliche Werke (Mertke u. Kronke), 8 Bände.
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171 — II. Nocturnes, Impromptus etc. (4-5)
172 — III. Polonaisen (5-6)
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176 — VII. Sonaten, Rondos, Variationen (6)
177 — VIII. Konzerte, Konzertstücke (6)
568 — Etüden und Präludien (Riemann) (5)
180 — Op. 11. Konzert c-moll (m. II. Klav.) (6)
181 — Op. 21. Konzert f-moll (m. II. Klav.) (6)
182 — Op. 22. Polonaise Es (m. II. Klav.) (Mertke-Kronke) (6)
178 — Nocturne c-moll (Nachlaß) (4)
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188 — Stücke für die Jugend (Schwalm) (2)
179 Chopin-Album (Mertke u. Kronke) (4-5)
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promptus, Polonaisen.)
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570 Clementi: Gradus ad Parnassum (Riemann) (4-6)
933 Clementi-Tausig: Gradus-Auswahl (Damm) (4-6)
2148 Clementi-Tausig: Gradus. Mit Varianten (Schmid) (4-6)
191 Clementi-Vorstufe I (Damm u. Seifert) (1)
(33 ganz leichte Sonatinen und Stücke von Wanhal,
Beethoven, Pleyel, André u. a.)
192 Clementi-Vorstufe II (Stade) (2)
(11 leichte Sonatinen von Jac. Schmitt.)
3 Clementi, Kuhlau, Dussek, Krug, Hofmann, Haydn,
Mozart, Beethoven, Raff, Schumann, Heller: 32 leichte
Sonatinen und Rondos (Kleinmichel) (2-3)
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574 — 52 Etüden (Riemann) (4)
782/3 — Sonaten und Sätze (Kleinmichel), 2 Bde. (3-4)
575 Cramer u. Clementi: 60 Etüden (Schwalm) (3-5)
580 Czerny: Op. 139. Hundert Übungsstücke (Schwalm) (1-2)
581 — Op. 299. Schule der Geläufigkeit (Seifert) (2-3)
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1891/4 — Op. 299. Ausgabe in 4 Hefen.
587 — Op. 299. Schule der Geläufigkeit (Riemann) (2-3)
586 — Op. 337. Vierzig tägliche Übungen (Seifert) (3-5)
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585 — Op. 636. Vorschule d. Fingerfertigkeit (Schwalm) (3-4)
582 — Op. 740. Kunst der Fingerfertigkeit (Mertke) (4-5)
588 — Op. 740. Kunst der Fingerfertigkeit (Riemann) (4-5)
1993/4 — Op. 802. Praktische Fingerübungen. 2 Hefte (1-3)
583 — Op. 821. 160 achttaktige Übungen (Breslaur) (3)
623 — Op. 823. Der kleine Klavierschüler (Schwalm) (1-2)
584 — Op. 849. 30 Etüdes de Mécanisme (Schwalm) (2)
(Vorschule der Geläufigkeit.)
579 — Erster Klavierunterricht in 100 Erholungen (Damm) (1)
10 I/II Damm: Klavierschule und Melodienschatz f. die Jugend.
Ausgabe Deutsch u. Englisch. 2 Bände gebunden
11 — Ausgabe Französisch u. Russisch
14 — Ausgabe Schwedisch u. Holländisch
15 — Ausgabe Italienisch u. Spanisch
17 — Ausgabe Ungarisch u. Polnisch
9 — Ausgabe Böhmisch u. Rumänisch
12 — Übungsbuch nach der Klavierschule. 93 Etüden, fort-
schreitend bis zur Mittelstufe (2-4)
— Weg zur Kunstfertigkeit. 135 größere Etüden, fort-
schreitend bis zur Konzertvirtuosität. 2 Bände.
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Moscheles, Pischna) (3-5)

Klavier zu 2 Händen.

- 13 II Damm: 2. Band: Nr. 77/135 (Chopin, Haberbier,
Raff, Schumann, Tausig) (4-6)
169 — Etüden-Album (2)
(31 Etüden von Bertini, Czerny, Lemoine,
Schmitt, Mertke, Raff, Schumann, Wolff.)
203 — Fröhliche Weisen (Spiel-, Volkslieder, Tänze usw.) (1)
230 — 34 beliebte Kompositionen von Kalkbrenner, Field,
Döhler, Chopin, Schumann, Mendelssohn,
Tschalkowsky, fortschreitend geordnet (3-4)
195 Diabelli: Op. 125, 151. 12 Lektionen und 4 Sonatinen. (1)
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1513 Döring: Op. 298. 14 melodische Übungsstücke (2)
1545 Dost: Op. 8. Weihnachtsmärchen (4)
1417 — Op. 11. 1. Sonatine im polyphonen Stil (4)
1445 — Op. 12. 2. " " " " " " (4)
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1518 — Op. 16. 4. " " " " " " „Im Herbst“ (4)
1531 — Op. 17. 5. " " " " " " (4)
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1517 — Op. 15. Sechs Vortragsstücke in Form „Iner Suite“ (3)
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633 Dussek: Op. 20. 6 Sonatinen (Kleinmichel) (2)
1893 Duvernoy: Op. 120. Schule der Mechanik (15 Etüden) (2-3)
1889 — Op. 176. Elementarunterricht (25 Studien) (1-2)
638 Egghard-Album. Band I: Acht Salonstücke (2-3)
639 — Band II: Dreizehn Transkriptionen (2-3)
775/6 — Band III, IV: je acht Salonstücke (2-3)
634 Ellenberg-Czibulka usw.-Album. 7 Salonstücke (2)
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16 Favarger usw.-Album. Acht Salonstücke (3)
207 Field: Siebzehn Nocturnes (Riemann) (4-5)
620 Fink-Blehl usw.-Album. Acht Salonstücke (2)
1408 Frey: Op. 19. Lose Blätter. Neun Stücke (3)
1433 — Op. 25. Variationen über ein Thema von Haydn (5)
2171 — Op. 57. Acht Oktaven-Etüden (2-4)
(Vorübungen zu Kullak, Schule des Oktavenspiels.)
1407 — Daumenuntersatzübungen (1-3)
2152 — Transponierte tägliche Übungen (2-4)
— Schule des polyphonen Spiels.
1788 — Heft I: Klavierbüchlein (1-3)
1999 — Heft II: Bachbüchlein (2-4)
2019 — Rund um Bach. 15 Meistersätze aus Bachscher Zeit (3-4)
2030 — In der Schule der Meister. 60 Meistersätze (2-4)
636 Gavotten-Album. Neun berühmte Gavotten (Tschirch) (3)
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2006 Grundmann: Op. 5. Kanonische Suite (4-6)
(Praeludium, Romanze, Scherzo, Menuett, Finale)
658 Haberbier: Op. 53, 59. Etüdes-Poésies (Damm) (4-5)
210 Händel: Kompositionen (Bischoff) (4-5)
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211 — Sechs Orchesterkonzerte (Stark) (5)
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(Largo, Adagio, Arie)
656/7 Harmston-Album. 15 Salonstücke, 2 Bände (2-3)
1890 Harthan: Op. 78. Elf kleine Fantasien (4)
892 Hässler: Op. 31. Gigue d-moll (Riemann) (4-5)
220 Haydn: Ausgewählte Sonaten u. Stücke (Kleinmichel) (2-3)
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219 — Op. 21. Konzert D-dur (m. II. Klav.) (Mertke) (4)
Bearbeitungen:
185 — Stücke für die Jugend (Schwalm) (2)
2179 Heller: Melodische Studien (Schütze), komplett (2-4)
(80 Etüden, Op. 45, 46, 47, fortschreitend geordnet.)
2175/8 — Ausgabe in 4 Hefen (2-4)
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218 Henselt: Préludes (3)
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548 Hofmann: Op. 88. Stimmungsbilder (2)
1992 Höhne: Op. 9. Acht instruktive Klavierstücke (2)
1831/6 Huber: Op. 131. Sechs kleine Konzertstücke (4)
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mezzo, Impromptu.)
217 Hummel: Op. 56. Rondo brillant A-dur (m. II. Klav.) (4-5)
555/6 — Op. 85, 89. Konzerte a-moll, h-moll (m. II. Klav.)
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1681 — Op. 3. Valse brillante (4)
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1901 — Op. 32. 25 Etüden, komplett (4-5)
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Oktaventechnik
für
Pianoforte
von
EDUARD MERTKE.

I. Abteilung: Vorübungen.

II. Abteilung: 20 Oktaven-Elüden von Kleinmichel, Czerny,
Clementi, Schwalm, Kessler, Raff, Chopin

III. Abteilung: 153 Zitate aus Meisterwerken.

STEINGRÄBER-VERLAG, LEIPZIG.

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INHALT.

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Klavier-Lehrer: „Dieses Werk, welches die Oktaventechnik in noch nicht dagewesener Weise erschöpft, zerfällt in drei Abteilungen, deren letzte mit 153 Zitaten aus Scarlatti, Händel etc. bis auf unsere Tage – Tausig, Brahms, Saint-Saëns und Tschaikowsky – chronologisch durchgeführt ist. Der Autor hat sich durch diese wertvolle Arbeit den speziellen Dank aller angehenden Klavier-Virtuosen erworben.“

Klavier-Lehrer: "This work, which sifts the technics of octavos so thoroughly as it has never been done before, is divided into three parts of which the last with 153 citations from Scarlatti, Händel etc. has been chronologically continued up to date – Tausig, Brahms, Saint-Saëns and Tschaikowsky. The author, by this valuable work, has gained the particular thanks of all piano-virtuosos."

MUSIK-TASCHENBUCH

Edition Steingräber Nr. 60.

Inhalt: Hugo Riemann-Gedenkschrift (Dr. W. Niemann); Erklärung der musikalischen Kunstausrücke (Dr. H. Riemann); Kurzgefaßte Harmonielehre (Dr. H. Riemann); Anleitung zum Gebrauch der Technischen Übungen (Dr. H. Riemann); Zur Pädagogik des Geigenspiels (E. Beyer); Orgel und Harmonium (S. Karg-Elert); Mozartkurse (Lilli Lehmann); Gesang ist so alt wie die Menschheit (B. Schneider); Katechismus der Musik (O. Schwalm); Tabellen zur Musikgeschichte (Dr. H. Riemann).

I.

VORÜBUNGEN.

PREPARING EXERCISES.

A. Staccato.

a) Übungen des Daumens. Streng im Takt zu spielen; erst langsam, dann schneller zählend und anschlagend.

1 und 2 erst einzeln, dann zusammen. Auch in *Cis* und *Ces* dur.

Rechte Hand. Right hand.

1.

Linke Hand. Left hand.

2.

3.

A. STACCATO.

a) Exercises for the thumb. To be played strictly in time: at first slowly, then counting and making the stroke rapidly.

1 and 2 first singly, then together. And in *C#* and *Cb* major also.

b) Übungen zur Kräftigung des 5. Fingers.

1 und 2 erst einzeln, dann zusammen. Auch in *Fis* und *E (Fes)* dur.

b) Exercises to strengthen the 5th finger.

1 and 2 first singly, then together. And in *F#* and *E (Fb)* major also.

1.

2.

3.

c) Übungen zur Kräftigung des 4. Fingers.

1 und 2 erst einzeln, dann zusammen. Auch auf Obertasten anzuwenden.

c) Exercises to strengthen the 4th finger.

1 and 2 first singly, then together. To be used on the black keys also.

1.

2.

* ↑ Hebung des Daumens.

† Anschlag des Daumens.

↑ Raising of the thumb.

† Touching of the thumb.

Edition Steingräben.

4

d) Übungen des 4. und 5. Fingers.

d) Exercises for the 4th and 5th fingers.

B. Staccato-Vorübung

B. STACCATO, PREPARATORY PRACTICE

in Sexten für Hände, denen anfangs die Oktave eine zu weite Spannung bietet. Wo dies nicht der Fall ist, kann sofort die Oktaven-Übung vorgenommen werden.

in sixths, for hands of which in the beginning, the octave demands too great extension. When the latter is not the case the octave practice may begin at once.

1)

Es handelt sich dabei weniger um einen festen Anschlag, als um die Unabhängigkeit des Handgelenks. Beim ersten Schlag prallt die Hand mit einem Accent auf die Tasten, schnell dann elastisch empor, um darauf wieder niederzufallen, wenn auch diesmal mit weniger Kraft und Ton. Dieselbe Übung ist in Triolen, endlich in Sechzehnteln vorzunehmen.

The object thereby is less a firm stroke than the independent action of the wrist. At the first stroke the hand should bound upon the keys with an accent, springing up again quickly and elastic to again fall, although this time with less strength and tone. The same exercise is to be practiced in triplets and finally in sixteenths.

2)

3)

b) Übungen in vollen(verminderten Sept-) Akkorden.

b) Exercises in full (diminished 7th) chords.

1)

2)

3)

C. Staccato-Oktaven.

C. STACCATO OCTAVES.

1) 5 1 (Zit. 32.)

2) 3 4

3) 3 4

4) 2 4

5) 5 1

6) 7) 8) 9) (Etüde 1.)

10) 11) 12) 13)

14) (Zit. 17.)

15) 16)

17) 18)

19) 20)

21) 22) 8

23) 24) 8

25) 26) 27)

28) 29) 30)

31) 32) 33)

In allen Tonarten. *In all keys.*

34) 35) 36) 37)

In allen Dur-Tonarten. *In all the major keys.*

38) 39) 40) 41)

Von hier an in Dur und Moll. *From here in major and minor.*

42) 43) 44)

45) 46) 47)

48) 49) 50)

(Et. 7.)

51) 52)

(Et. 3, 4. Zit. 144.)

53) (Et. 9, Zit. 100.)

54) (Zit. 78, 84.)

55) (Zit. 143.)

56) (Zit. 143.)

57) (Zit. 83, 112, 149.)

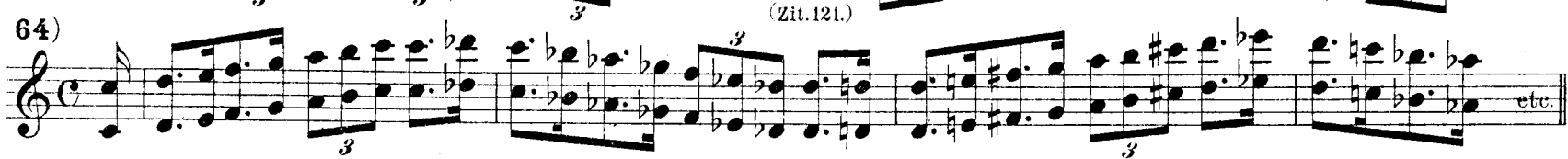
58) (Zit. 92.)

59) *quasi trillo* (Zit. 112.)

Übungen in verschiedenen Rhythmen. *Exercises in diverse rhythms.*

60) (Zit. 18, 19, 20, 24, 37, 45, 52, 54, 62.)

61) etc.

62)  63) 
 64) 

D. Blinde Oktaven.

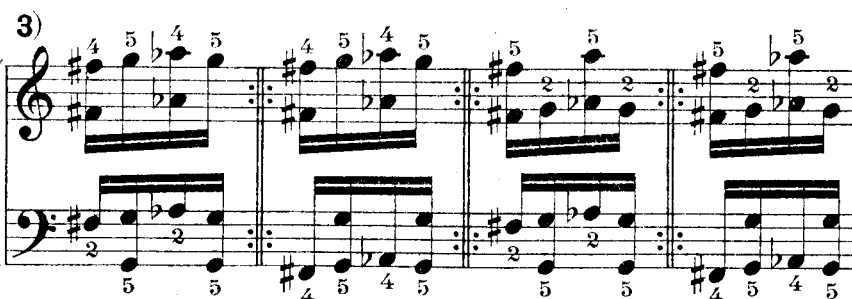
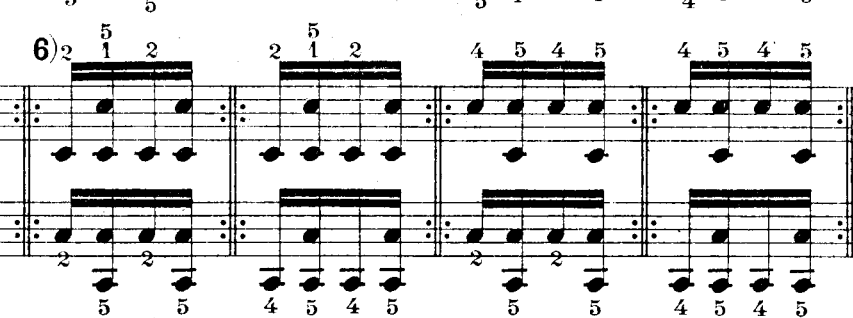
Abwechslung eines einzelnen oder mehrerer Töne mit der Oktave.

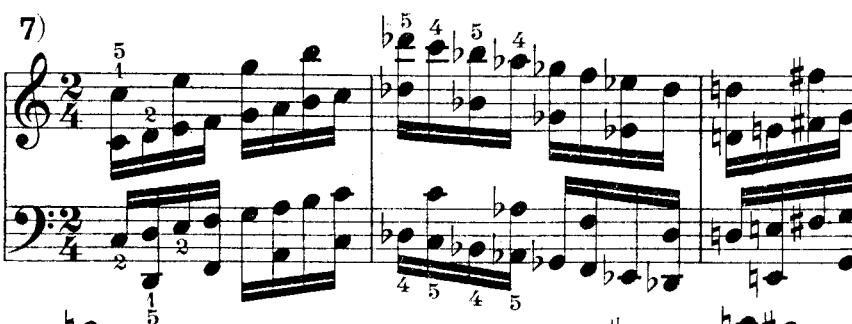
D. BROKEN OCTAVES.

Alternation of a single or several tones with the octave.

1)  2) 

(Zit. 69, 99, 124, 134, 141, 78, 79, 107, 114, 126.)

3)  4) 
 5)  6) 

7)  8) 


9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17) 18) 19) 20)

Von hier in allen Moll- und Dur-Tonarten. *From here in all minor and major keys.*

21) 22)

(Zit. 142.)

23) 24) 25) 26)

(Zit. 134.)

In sämtlichen Dominant-Septimen-Akkorden zu üben. *To be practiced in all the Dominant 7th chords.*

27) 28) 29) 30) 31) 32)

E. Übergang zum Legato.

Gebrochene Oktaven, äußerst gebunden zu spielen.

E. TRANSITION TO THE LEGATO.

Broken octaves, to be played legato as possible.

1) *R. H.*

2)

3) *L. H. 2 Oktaven tiefer. Left hand two octaves lower.*

4)

5)

6)

7)

8)

9)

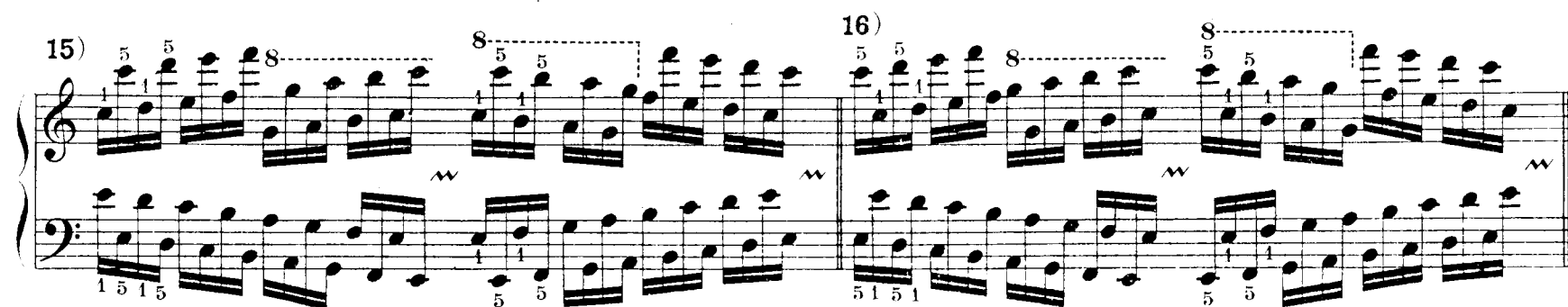
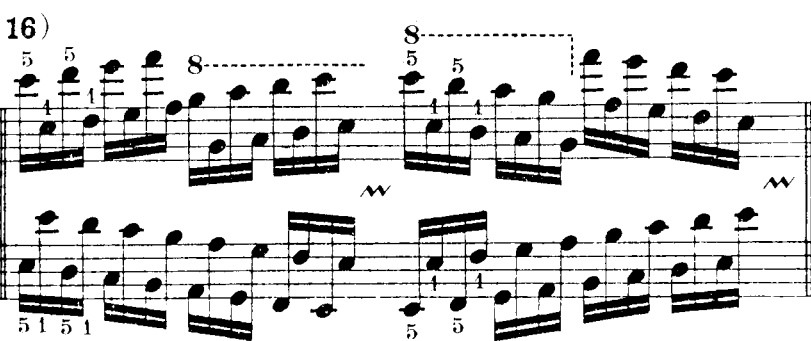
10)

11)

12)

13)

14)

15)  16) 

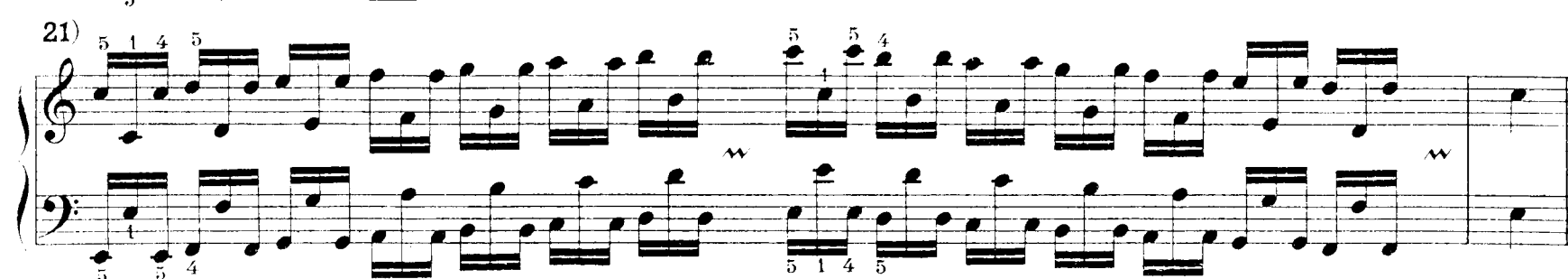
(Et. 12^a/d, 13; Zit. 5, 6, 16, 22.)

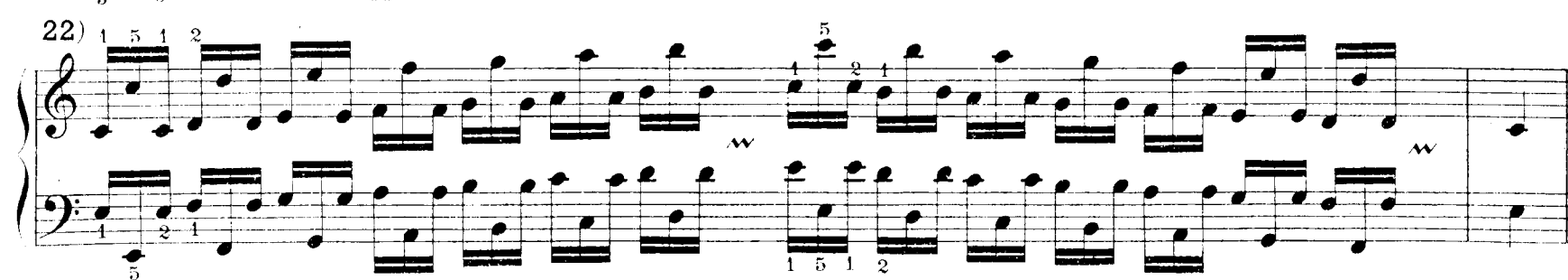
17) 

18) 

19) 

20) 

21) 

22) 

23)

Exercise 23, measures 1-8. Treble staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-4 and 5-8.

24)

Exercise 24, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

25)

Exercise 25, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

26)

Exercise 26, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

27)

Exercise 27, measures 1-8. Treble staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-4 and 5-8.

28)

Exercise 28, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

29)

Exercise 29, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

30)

Exercise 30, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

31)

Exercise 31, measures 1-8. Treble staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-4 and 5-8.

32)

Exercise 32, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

33)

Exercise 33, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Bass staff: 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5, 5 1 4 5. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

34)

Exercise 34, measures 1-4. Treble staff: 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1, 5 1 2 1. Bass staff: 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2, 1 5 1 2. Slurs are present over measures 1-2 and 3-4.

35)

36)

37)

38)

39)

40)

41)

42)

(Zit. 27.)

F. Streckübungen.

F. EXERCISES IN EXTENSION.

In allen Tonarten. *In all keys.*

The image displays six numbered piano exercises, each consisting of a treble and bass staff. The exercises are in 3/4 time and feature various fingerings and slurs. Exercise 1 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1. Exercise 2 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1. Exercise 3 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1. Exercise 4 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1. Exercise 5 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1. Exercise 6 shows a sequence of eighth notes in the treble and bass, with fingerings 1-2-3-4-5 and 5-4-3-2-1.

7) NB.

5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5

NB. Die Streckung des 2. Fingers ist bei kleinen Händen wegzulassen. NB. The extension of the 2nd finger not to be attempted by small hands.

5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5 5 4 3 (2) 3 4 5

NB.

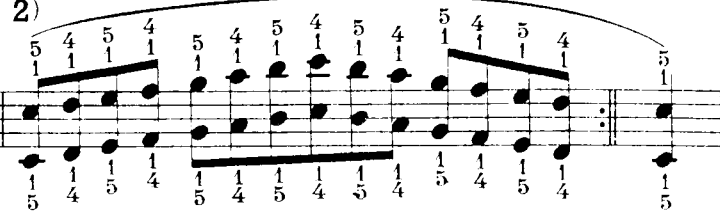
G. Legato-Oktaven.

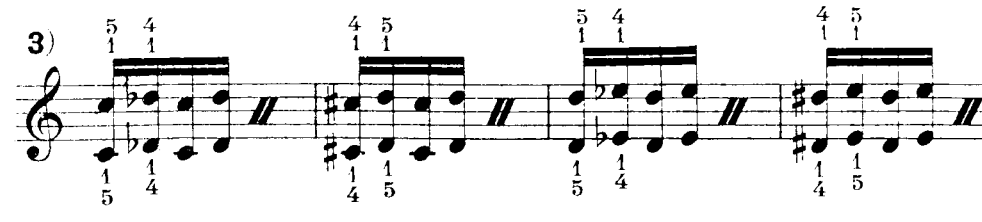
In allen Tonarten. *In all keys.*

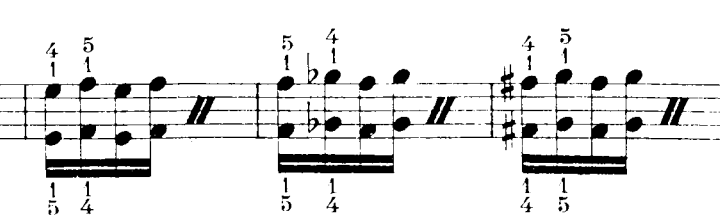
G. LEGATO OCTAVES.

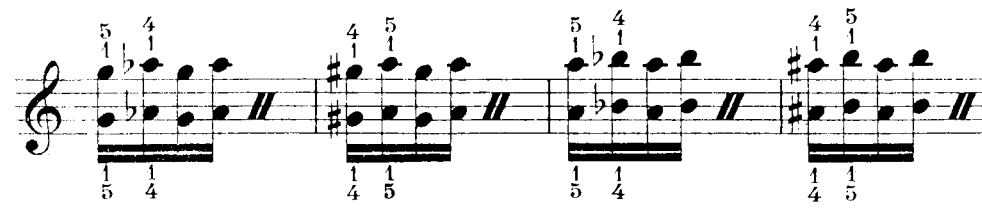
in allen Tonarten. In all keys.

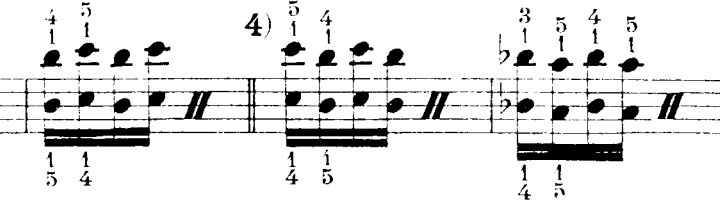
1) 

2) 

3) 

4) 

5) 

6) 

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The melody is written in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and bar lines. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

For hands which have sufficient extension:

For hands which have sufficient extension:

u.s.w. wie in Nr. 6.
a. s. o. as in No. 6.

a. s. o. as in No. 6.

a. s. o. as in No. 6.

8)

Exercise 8 is a single-line musical piece in treble clef. It consists of six measures, each containing a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The notes are primarily G4, A4, B4, and C5, with some chromatic alterations. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The exercise is divided into two groups of three measures each by a double bar line with repeat dots. The first group has a key signature of one sharp (F#), and the second group has a key signature of one flat (Bb).

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The melody is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The score is divided into six measures, each containing a sequence of notes and rests. Below the staff, there are two rows of numbers: the top row contains the numbers 1 through 5, and the bottom row contains the numbers 1 through 5. These numbers are aligned with the notes and rests in the melody, likely indicating fingerings or a specific rhythmic pattern. The melody is a simple, folk-like tune, and the numbers below it provide a guide for how to play it.

(Et. 15, 16, 17: Zit. 4, 12, 49)

(Et. 15, 16, 17; Zit. 4, 12, 49.)

[illegible]

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff with various note values and rests. Below the staff, there are numerous fingerings and bowings indicated by numbers 1-5 and slurs. The score includes repeat signs and a double bar line. The title 'The Rose Tree' is written in a decorative font at the bottom left.

A musical score for a waltz, likely from the film 'The Merry Widow'. The score is written on a single treble clef staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in 3/4 time, indicated by the '3' and '4' below the first measure. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing beamed sixteenth notes. There are several repeat signs (double dots) throughout the piece. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1 through 5 below the notes. The score ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

[illegible]

H. Glissando-Oktaven

sind nicht leicht ausführbar, wenn die Tasten des Klaviers tiefen Fall und scharfe Kanten haben; bei flachem Tastenfall und abgerundeten Kanten bieten jedoch Beispiele, wie die Zitate Nr. 10. 14. 94. 95. 31 (letzteres über Obertasten) und 130 keine sonderliche Schwierigkeit.

Es folgen einige Vorstudien, die zuerst *pp*, dann nach und nach stärker zu üben sind; die Spitze des Fingers, nach innen gekehrt, gleitet sanft über die Tasten. *)

1) Rechte Hand aufwärts. *Right hand ascending.*



Ebenso kann man den 2. und 3. Finger gebrauchen, nur muß die Hand mehr nach rechts gehalten werden. Bei Anwendung des Daumens ist darauf zu achten, daß derselbe nicht zu fest auf die Tasten drückt, sondern sanft über dieselben in gerader Linie hingeleitet; je mehr dies mit der linken Seite des Fingernagels geschehen kann, desto gleichmäßiger wird das *glissando* ausfallen.

2) Für *glissando* über Obertasten ist der Daumen der geeignetste Finger; man versuche es aber auch mit jedem der anderen Finger, wähle jedoch dazu die entsprechende Drehung oder Haltung der Hand.

Linke Hand aufwärts in gleicher Weise die Übungen 1 und 2.
Left hand ascending in like manner the exercises 1 and 2.



3) Linke Hand abwärts. *Left hand descending.*



Dasselbe mit dem 4., 3., 2. und 1. Finger.
The same with 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st finger.

4)



6) Mit flach aufliegendem Daumen. *With the thumb flat on the key.*



(Zit. 31.)

5) Rechte Hand abwärts. *Right hand descending.*

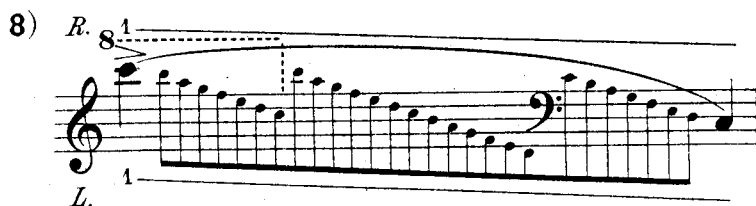


Dasselbe mit dem 2., 3. und 4. Finger.
The same with 2nd, 3rd and 4th finger.

7) Mit beiden Händen. *With both hands.*



Linke Hand eine Oktave tiefer. *Left hand an octave lower.*



*) *Glissando* ist ein Virtuosen effekt, der in öfterer Wiederholung leicht einen komischen, unedlen, beim *ff* sogar reißerartigen Eindruck hervorbringen kann. Man hüte sich, um nicht Fingerverletzungen davonzutragen, vor zu anhaltendem Üben.

H. GLISSANDO OCTAVES

are difficult of execution if the keys of the instrument have a deep action and sharp edges, if the action be shallow and the edges of the keys rounded examples like the ones cited, Nos. 10. 14. 31, the latter even on the black keys as well as 94 and 95 may be executed without especial difficulty.

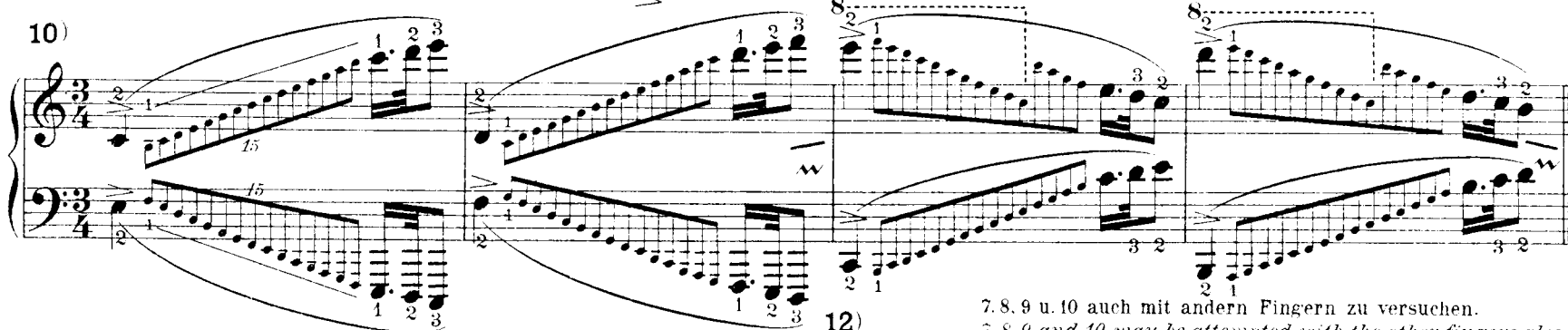
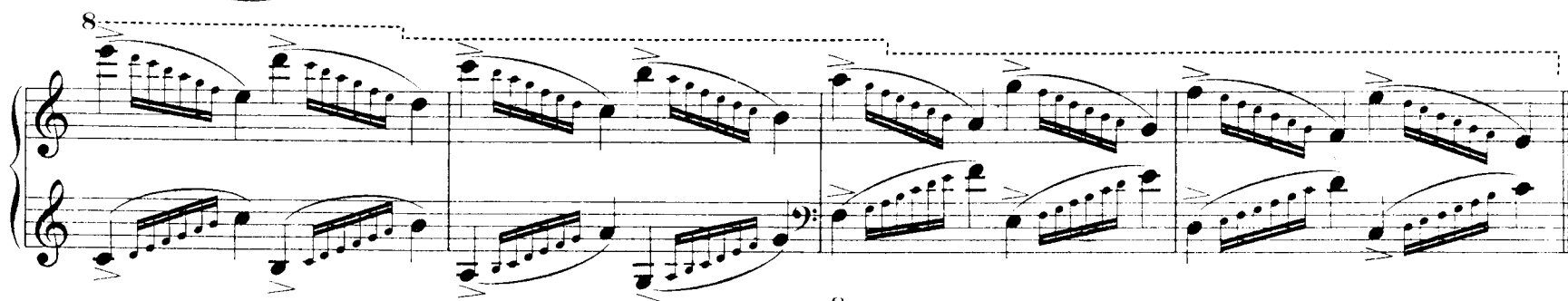
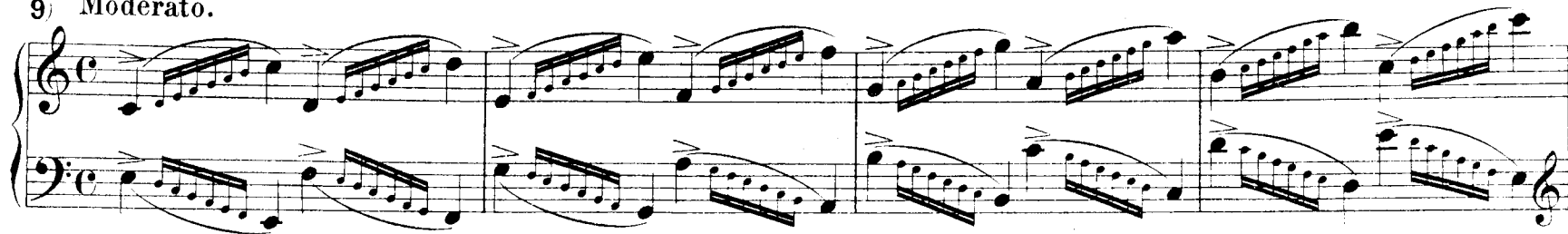
Here follow several preparatory studies, which are to be practiced *pp* at first and then gradually stronger. The pombs of the fingers turned inward, gliding gently over the keys. *)

The 2nd and 3rd finger may be used in like manner, the hand however must be held more to the right. In using the thumb care must be taken that it does not press the keys too firmly but that it glides gently over them in a straight line; the more the left side of the fingernail is used, the more even the *glissando* will be.

2) The thumb is most suitable for the *glissando* on the black keys; it should be attempted however with each of the other fingers, choosing for each the most appropriate inclination or position of the hand.

*) *Glissando* is a Virtuoso-effect which by frequent repetition may easily produce a trivial, in *ff* even vulgar effect. The fingers may be wounded by a too prolonged practice of the *glissando*, it should therefore be avoided.

9) Moderato.



7. 8. 9 u. 10 auch mit andern Fingern zu versuchen.
7. 8. 9 and 10 may be attempted with the other fingers also.



Auch Gdur und Fdur sind von namhaften Klaviervirtuosen glissando gespielt worden.

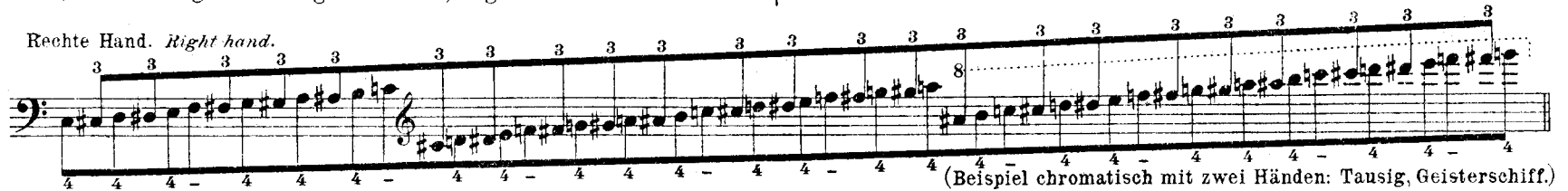
Gmajor and Fmajor have also been played by distinguished Pianoforte Virtuosi.





Als Kuriosum zeigte Liszt, wie man sogar die chromatische Tonleiter *glissando* spielen könne; er setzte den 4. Finger der rechten Hand vorn fast auf die Mitte der Untertaste, den 3. Finger auf die Vorderkante der Obertaste und zog eine gerade Linie über die Tastatur: — es klang in Wirklichkeit wie eine chromatische Tonleiter. Beide Finger standen ziemlich steil auf den Tasten; der Rücken der Hand war der Seite, wohin das *glissando* gehen sollte, zugewendet.

Liszt showed, as a curiosity, that one may even play the chromatic scale glissando; he placed the 4th finger of the right hand almost on the middle of the white key, the 3rd finger on the outer edge of the black key and drew them in a straight line across the keyboard: — it sounded really like a chromatic scale. Both fingers should stand almost horizontally on the keys; the back of the hand inclined toward the side to which the glissando is made.



In Terzen. Zuerst jede Hand allein. Beim Zusammenspiel die Linke eine Oktave tiefer.

In thirds. At first each hand alone. In playing together the left hand an octave lower.

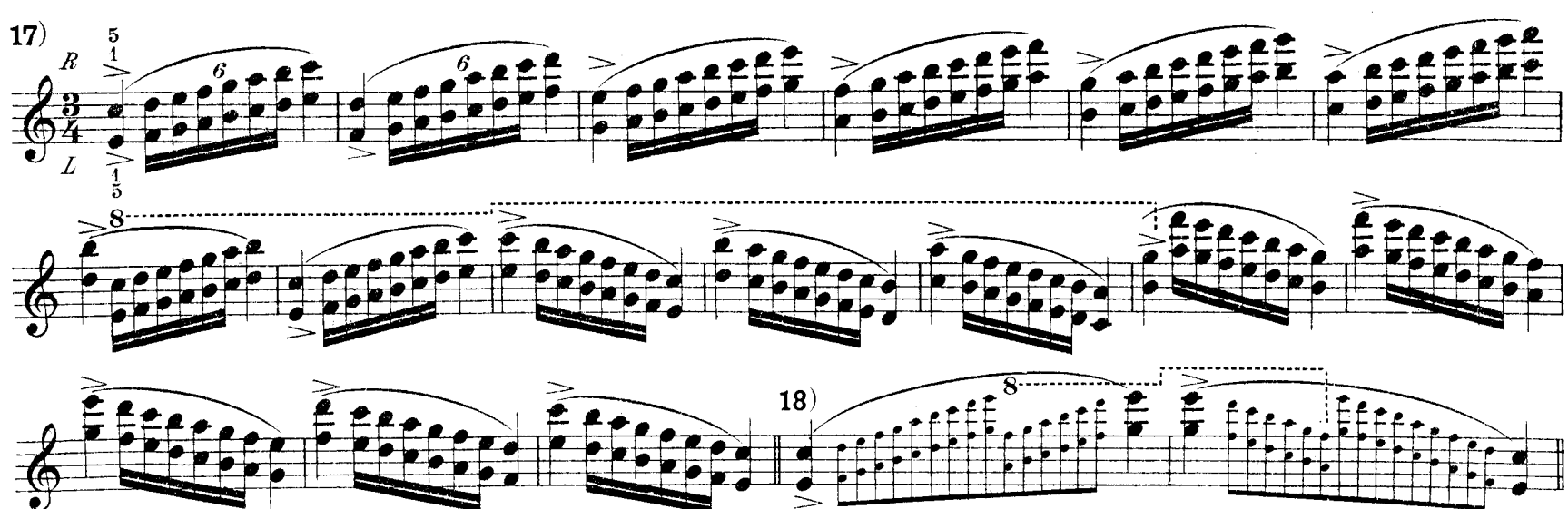


Beim *Glissando* in Terzen ist für beide Hände auch $\frac{5}{1}$ u. $\frac{4}{1}$ aufwärts wie abwärts anwendbar.

In glissando in thirds, $\frac{5}{1}$ and $\frac{4}{1}$ may be used for both hands, ascending and descending.

In Sexten. Erst jede Hand allein. Beim Zusammenspiel die Linke eine Oktave tiefer.

In sixths. First each hand alone. In playing with both hands the left hand an octave lower.



In Sext-Akkorden. Jede Hand einzeln. *In chords of the 6th Each hand singly.*

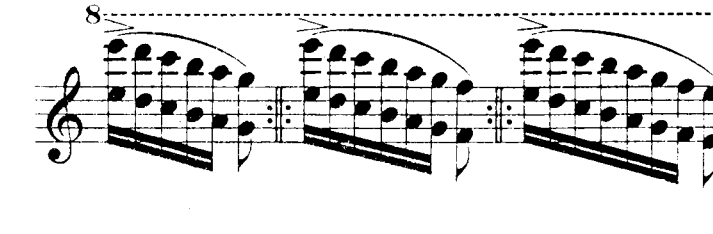
19) 

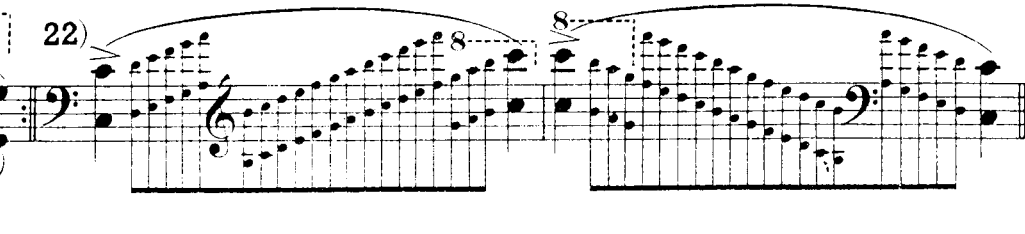
20) 

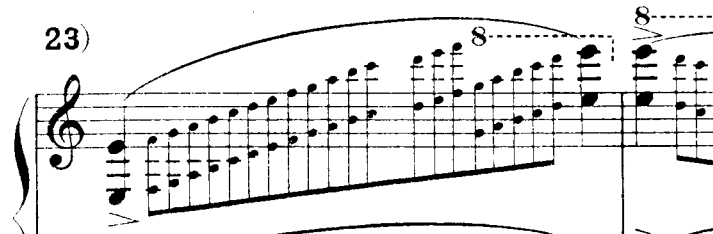
In Oktaven. Erst jede Hand allein; die Linke dann 2 Oktaven tiefer. *In octaves. First each hand alone, the left hand then two octaves lower.*

21) 

22) 

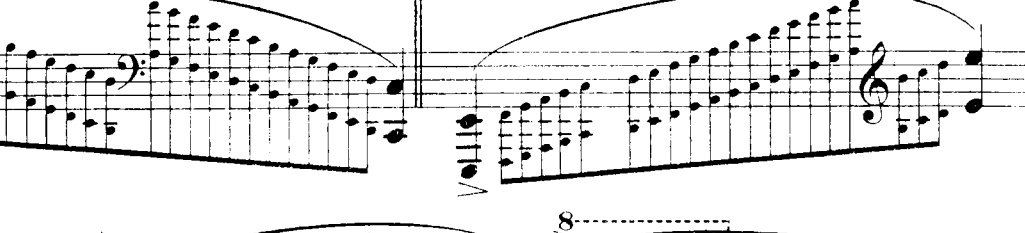
23) 

24) 

25) 

26) 

27) 

28) 

(Zit. 9.)

(Zit. 130.)

II.

20 ETÜDEN.

20 STUDIES.

Allegro moderato.

R. Kleinmichel.

1.

p *mf* *f* *cresc.* *mf* *p*

15 15 15 15 15

* * * * *

This page contains six systems of musical notation for piano, arranged in three pairs. Each system consists of a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The notation is highly detailed, featuring numerous fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 15), dynamics (e.g., *f*, *mf*, *p*, *cresc.*), and articulation marks (e.g., asterisks, slurs). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The first system includes a tempo marking 'Al.' and a '3' above the first measure. The second system has a '15' below the first measure. The third system has a '15' below the first measure. The fourth system has a '2.' above the first measure. The fifth system has a '2' above the first measure. The sixth system has a 'p' below the first measure and a 'cresc.' marking. The notation is dense and complex, typical of advanced piano repertoire.

Allegro.

2.

Molto Allegro.

3.

Allegro.

4.

ff

C. Czerny.

Allegro.

5.

Presto.

C. Czerny.

6.

marcatissimo

7.

This musical score is for a piano piece by M. Clementi, titled 'Allegro vigoroso'. It is written for a grand piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor), and the time signature is common time (C). The piece begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The first system shows a complex texture with triplets and sixteenth-note runs in both hands. The second system continues with similar rhythmic patterns, including a section marked 'fz' (fortissimo). The third system features a 'ten.' (tension) marking and a change in the bass line. The fourth system shows a return to a more active bass line. The fifth system includes a section marked 'fz' and a change in the treble line. The sixth system features a section marked 'fz' and a change in the bass line. The seventh system includes a section marked 'fz' and a change in the treble line. The eighth system features a section marked 'fz' and a change in the bass line. The piece concludes with a final chord in the bass.

8.

449

Allegro vivace. (♩ = 144.)

C. Czerny.

8. *f marcato*

ff

p dolce *cresc.*

f *ff*

f

ff

Allegro. (♩ = 76.)

C. Czerny.

9.

9.

ff

cresc. *sf* *dim.* *ff*

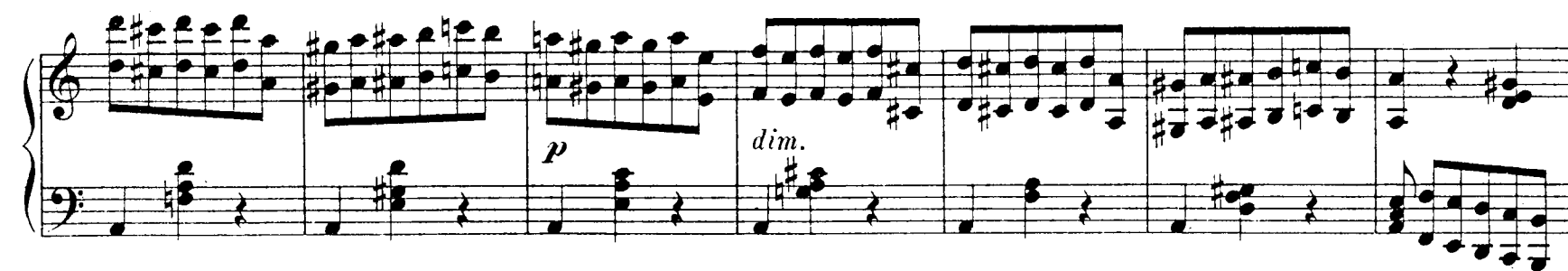
ff

cresc. *sf* *dim.* *ff*

This page of musical notation consists of six systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is written in a key with three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature. The notation is highly complex, featuring dense chords, rapid melodic passages, and various dynamic markings.

- System 1:** Starts with a *fp* (fortissimo piano) marking. The right hand has a series of chords with fingering numbers 4, 5, 4, 5. The left hand has a simple melodic line. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking appears in the second measure.
- System 2:** Features a *f* (forte) marking. The right hand has a complex chordal texture. The left hand has a melodic line with a slur. A *fp* marking appears in the second measure, and a *cresc.* marking appears in the third measure.
- System 3:** Features a *f* marking. The right hand has a complex chordal texture. The left hand has a melodic line with a slur. A *ff* (fortissimo) marking appears in the third measure.
- System 4:** Features a *f* marking. The right hand has a complex chordal texture. The left hand has a melodic line with a slur.
- System 5:** Features a *f* marking. The right hand has a complex chordal texture. The left hand has a melodic line with a slur.
- System 6:** Features a *f* marking. The right hand has a complex chordal texture. The left hand has a melodic line with a slur.

10. *Vivo.* *p*



1485.10

Allegro. ($\text{♩} = 108.$)

sempre staccato

J. Raff.

11.

11. *mf*

p

mf

p

f

8

p

8

ff

f sempre

mf

p

This page contains seven systems of musical notation for a piano piece. Each system consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The music is written in a minor key, indicated by the key signature. The notation includes various dynamic markings: *p* (piano) appears in the second and third systems; *f* (forte) appears in the fifth system; and *ff* (fortissimo) appears in the sixth system. The music features complex chords and melodic lines in both hands, with some passages marked with a dashed line and the number 8, possibly indicating an octave. The piece concludes with a final cadence in the seventh system.

Vivo.

12.

Diese Etüde ist in allen Stärkegraden, außerdem in folgenden Versionen zu üben:

This study is to be exercised 1) p, 2) mf, 3) f, 4) ff, besides in the following manners:

Auch in dieser Version zu üben:
Also to be exercised in this manner:



M. Clementi.

Veloce.

13.

This page of musical notation consists of six systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The music is written in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 3/4 time signature. The notation is highly technical, featuring complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various fingerings indicated by numbers 1-5. Some systems include dynamic markings such as *sf* (sforzando) and *f* (forte). The piece concludes with a final chord in the right hand and a sustained note in the left hand.

Allegro maestoso.

J. C. Keßler.

14.

f con energia

Musical score for piano, measures 14 to 23. The score is in 3/4 time, key of D major. It features a right hand with complex sixteenth-note patterns and a left hand with sustained chords and occasional single notes. Dynamics include *f*, *f con energia*, *f e ben marcato*, *cresc.*, and *più f*. Fingerings and articulations are indicated throughout.

sempre ff *ff* *ff* *ff* *fff*

C. Czerny.

15. *Allegro.*

f

p *cresc.*

8

f *f* *ff*

Allegro vivace. (♩ = 112.)

F. Chopin.

16. *leggero*

2. 4. 5. 5. 4.

3. 4.

4. 2. 3. 5. 4.

2. 2. 5. 4.

4. 2. 5. 3.

5. 3.

p

8.

The musical score consists of six systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

- System 1:** Starts with *f marcato*. The bass line has a series of eighth notes marked *La.* (Lento).
- System 2:** Features a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The bass line continues with *La.* markings. A measure is marked with an asterisk (*).
- System 3:** Starts with *ff appassionato*. The bass line has *La.* markings. A measure is marked with an asterisk (*). The system ends with a *ritenuto* marking and a fermata.
- System 4:** Features a *p* (piano) marking. The bass line has *La.* markings. A measure is marked with an asterisk (*).
- System 5:** Features a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The bass line has *La.* markings. A measure is marked with an asterisk (*). The system ends with a *leggerissimo* marking and a fermata.
- System 6:** Starts with a *pp* (pianissimo) marking. The bass line has *La.* markings. A measure is marked with an asterisk (*).

17.

*poco a poco cresc.**fz - fz - fz - fz - fz - fz - fz - fz*

The musical score is for Chopin's Allegro con fuoco, Op. 25, No. 17. It is in 4/4 time, key of D major, and consists of 44 measures. The score is divided into sections by repeat signs and first/second endings. The notation includes treble and bass staves with various musical symbols like notes, rests, and accidentals. The score includes various dynamic markings such as *fz*, *ff*, and *cresc.*, and is divided into sections by repeat signs and first/second endings. The score is for piano and includes a piano introduction with a *poco a poco cresc.* marking.

Lento. ($\bullet = 108.$)

[illegible]

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a complex melodic line with many accidentals and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The bass clef staff contains a more rhythmic accompaniment with a *sotto voce* marking. A bracket connects the two staves. Fingering numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 are visible below the bass staff.

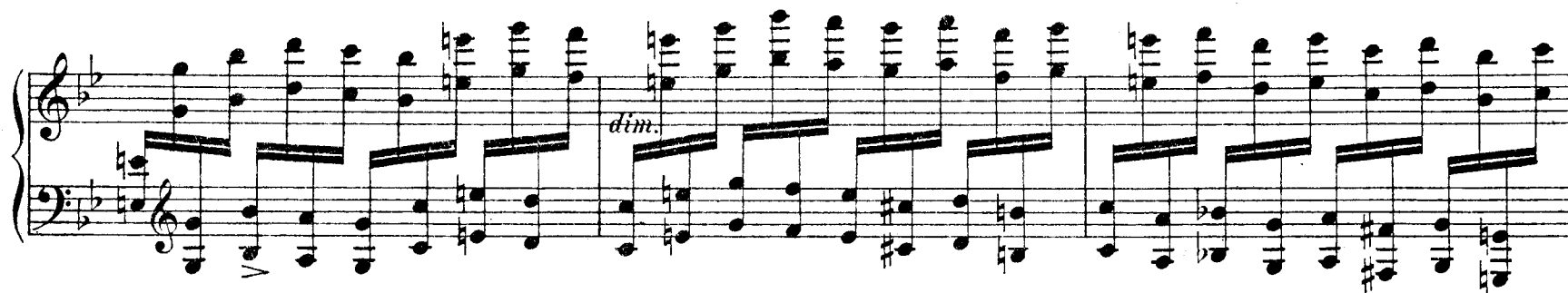
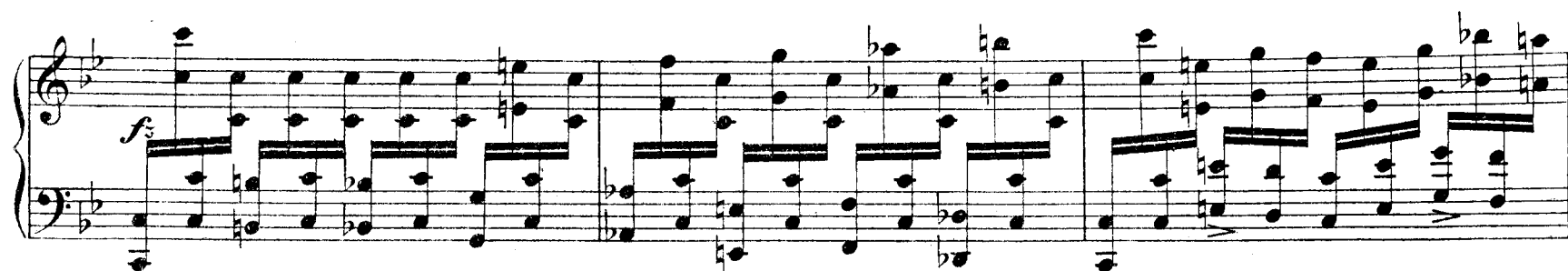
Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff features a more active accompaniment. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is present in the treble staff. Fingering numbers 4, 4, 4 are visible below the bass staff.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff begins with a *Tempo I.* marking. The bass clef staff has an *accelerando* marking. The system concludes with a *cresc.* marking. Fingering numbers 4, 4, 4 are visible below the bass staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff features a more active accompaniment. A *ff* (fortissimo) marking is present in the bass staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff features a more active accompaniment. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is present in the bass staff. Fingering numbers 5, 4, 3 are visible below the bass staff.

Sixth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff features a more active accompaniment. A marking *il più forte possibile* is present in the bass staff. Fingering numbers 8, 8 are visible below the bass staff.



*

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely for a piano piece. It consists of seven systems of staves. Each system typically has a treble staff and a bass staff, with some systems including a third staff for a solo voice or instrument. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'f' (forte) and 'ff' (fortissimo). The page is numbered '8' in the top left corner. The notation is in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign at the bottom right.

Allegro patetico. (♩ = 63.)

J. Raff.

19.

5 4 3 2 5

staccato sempre

5 4 3 4 3 4 3 2 3 4 5

11

5 4 3 4 3 2 3 4 3

mf

f

5 4 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 4 5

f

f

This page of musical notation consists of seven systems of staves. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music is characterized by dense, complex chords and arpeggiated patterns in both the treble and bass staves. The second system continues this texture, with a dynamic marking of *sf* (sforzando) appearing in the bass staff. The third system introduces more intricate fingerings, with numbers 1 through 5 clearly visible above the notes. The fourth system features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a more rhythmic accompaniment. The fifth system is marked *stridente* (strident) and shows a rapid, ascending scale-like passage in the treble staff. The sixth system is marked *dimin.* (diminuendo) and includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic marking. The seventh system concludes the page with a final chordal structure. The notation is highly detailed, with many accidentals and specific fingering instructions throughout.

cresc.

f rinforzando assai

ff

p

crescendo assai

ff

11

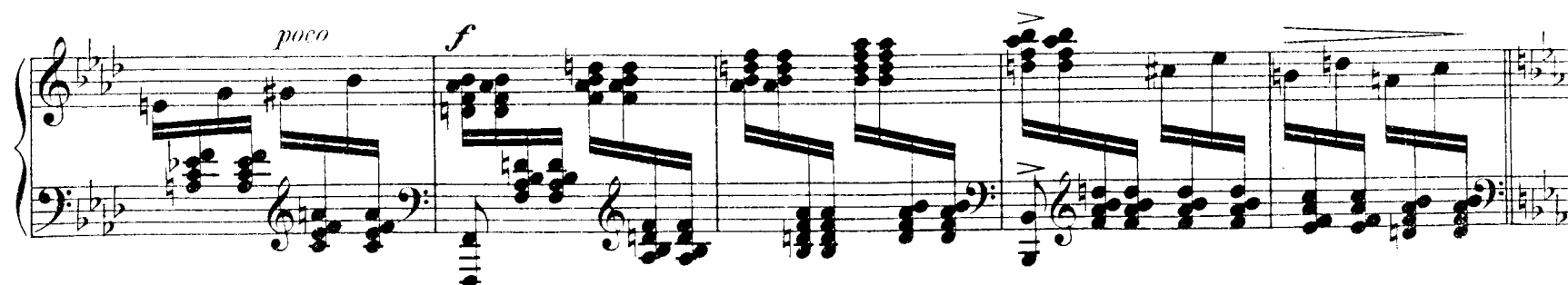
5 4 3 4 3 2 3 4 3 4 5

8^{va}

3 2

Allegro. (♩ = 104.)

20.



mf

mf

cre - scen - do -

- feon bravura sempre

ff

8

8

brillante

mf

cresc.

ff

fp

acceleranda sin' al Fine

Ed. Steingraben.

449

2w.

(Cant.)

*

III.

153 ZITATE.
153 CITATIONS.

| Nr. | Nr. | Nr. | Nr. | Nr. |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| d' Albert 135 | Döhler 25. 26 | Keßler 24 | Moszkowski 107. 108 | Schubert 18-22 |
| Beethoven 12-17 | Grieg 120-122 | Kullak, F. 106 | Mozart 3-6 | Schumann 40-45 |
| Bendel 103 | Händel 2 | Kullak, Th. 105 | Raff 96-102 | Tausig 124-126 |
| Brahms 127-134 | Heller 36. 37 | Liszt 63-95 | Rubinstein, A. ... 110-115 | Thalberg 27-31 |
| Brassin 104 | Henselt 46-48 | Mendelssohn 32-35 | Saint-Saëns 136-145 | Tschaikowsky 146-153 |
| Bülow 123 | Hummel 7 | Mertke 116-119 | Scarlatti 1 | Volkman 38. 39 |
| Chopin 49-62 | Kalkbrenner 11 | Moscheles 23 | Scharwenka, X. ... 109 | Weber 8-10 |

Durch die chronologische Anordnung der folgenden Zitate ist die Oktaventechnik von den ersten Anfängen bis zur Spitze der jetzigen Virtuosität veranschaulicht.

By the chronologically arrangement of the following citations the technic of octaves is illustrated from the first beginnings to the summit of the present perfection.

D. Scarlatti, Katzenfuge.

1. Moderato.

2. Allegro energico.

3. Allegretto.

Andante grazioso.

W. A. Mozart, Sonate Adur.

4.

Allegro.

W. A. Mozart, Konzert Esdur.

5.

Allegro maestoso.

W. A. Mozart, Konzert Cdur.

6.

Presto.

J. N. Hummel, Fantasie Esdur. Op. 17.

7.

Moderato.

C. M. v. Weber, Variationen über ein Zigeunerlied.

8.

9.

ff

gliss.

ff

Presto assai. (♩ = 132.)

glissando

C. M. v. Weber, Konzertstück Fmoll. Op. 79

10.

glissando

glissando

ff

Allegro molto.

F. Kalkbrenner, Toccata. Op. 108.

Allegretto.

L. van Beethoven, 32 Variationen, C moll. (Var. XV u. XVI.)

dim.

L.van Beethoven, Sonate Esdur. Op.27 Nr.1.

Prestissimo.

glissando

L. van Beethoven, Sonate Cdur. Op.53.

Con moto.

L.van Beethoven, Sonate Fdur. Op.54.

[illegible]

Allegro con brio.

L. van Beethoven, Fantasie. Op. 77.

16.

Adagio.

L. van Beethoven, Fantasie mit Chor. Op.80.

17. *ten.* *ff* *ten.* *ff*

ff *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

ff *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

allargando *Presto.*

1 3 2 1 5 3 2 1 5

1 5

F. Schubert, Sonate Amoll. Op. 143.

18. Allegro.

ff

Violino

19. **Allegro.**

19. **Allegro.**

20. **Allegretto quasi Andantino.**

20. **Allegretto quasi Andantino.**

Adagio.

F. Schubert, Sonate Cmoll. (Nachlaß.)

21.

The musical score is for the 21st movement of Schubert's Sonata in C minor, Op. 103. It is in 2/4 time and marked 'Adagio.' The score consists of seven systems of piano and treble staves. The piece begins with a *mf* dynamic and features a variety of musical textures, including arpeggiated figures, triplets, and dense chordal passages. Dynamics range from *pp* to *ff*, with crescendos and decrescendos. The score includes numerous fingerings, slurs, and articulations. The final system concludes with a *p* dynamic and a triplet figure.

Scherzo.
Allegro.

F. Schubert, Fünf Klavierstücke. Nr. 2.

63

22.

22.

f *p* *f* *p* *f*

cresc. *dim.*

cresc. *decresc.* *cresc.*

decresc. *p* *pp*

Allegro agitato.

I. Moscheles, Konzert Gmoll. Op. 58.

23.

Molto Allegro.

J. C. Keßler, Etüde. Op. 84 Nr. 3.

24.

Presto.

Th. Döhler, Tarantelle. Op. 39.

25.

Andante.

Th. Döhler, Etüde. Op. 42 Nr. 33.

26.

Allegro moderato.

S. Thalberg, Etüde. Op. 26 Nr. 3.

27.

Allegro moderato.

S. Thalberg, Etüde. Op. 26 Nr. 3.

Allegro moderato.

S. Thalberg, Etüde. Op. 26 Nr. 3.

Presto.

Allegretto.

Poco Lento.

$$ff$$

riten

Moderato.

Presto.

F. Mendelssohn, Fantasie Fismoll. Op. 28.

32. *f* *cresc.*

Presto.

F. Mendelssohn, Rondo capriccioso. Op. 14.

33. *ff*

Presto.

F. Mendelssohn, Rondo brillant. Op. 29.

34. *f leggiero* *p* *f*

Allegro con fuoco.

F. Mendelssohn, Sechs Präludien und Fugen. Op. 35 Nr. 1.

35. *ff* *sempre fortissimo e marcato*

ff *ritar - dan - do con forza*

36. *Allegro.* *f* *St. Heller, Caprice. Op. 28.*

37. *Prestissimo.* *espressivo* *cresc.* *8 con fuoco* *St. Heller, La chasse. molto ritenuto*

a tempo *ff* *8* *ff* *ff*

38. *Allegro vivace. (♩=100)* *f* *R. Volkmann, Konzertstück. Op. 42.*

*) Die Daumen der beiden Hände führen eine zusammenhängende Melodie aus.
The thumbs of both hands execute a connected melody.
Edition Steingraben

39. Mosso.
f 3 *cresc.* *ff* 3

Qw. *

40. Animato. (♩ = 92.)
pp *sempre staccato*

Qw. *

41. Allegro. (♩ = 108.)
p

Qw. *

f

Qw. *

ritard.

Qw. *

a tempo

Qw. *

f

Qw. *

Vigorouso. (♩ = 84.)

42.

Measures 42-43 of Impromptu Op. 5 No. 8. The tempo is marked 'Vigorouso. (♩ = 84.)'. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (C). The score is for piano (p). Measure 42 starts with a fortissimo (ff) dynamic. The music features complex chordal textures and rapid sixteenth-note passages in both hands. Measure 43 continues the texture with similar rhythmic patterns. The notation includes various articulations like slurs and accents, and dynamic markings like 'ff' and 'f'.

R. Schumann, Etudes symphoniques. Nr. 9.

Presto possibile. (♩ = 116.)

43.

Measures 43-44 of Etudes symphoniques No. 9. The tempo is marked 'Presto possibile. (♩ = 116.)'. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 3/16. The score is for piano (p). Measure 43 starts with a fortissimo (f) dynamic. The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note runs and complex chordal structures. Measure 44 continues the fast-paced texture. The notation includes various articulations like slurs, accents, and dynamic markings like 'f', 'sf', and 'p'. There are also fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4.

Un poco adagio.

R. Schumann, Sonate Fismoll. Op. 11.

44. *Un poco adagio.*

sotto voce

f

m.d. marcato

ff

rit.

f

Allegro.

R. Schumann, Konzert Amoll. Op. 54.

45. **Allegro.** R. Schumann, Konzert Amoll. Op. 54

**) Fingersatz des Autors.
Fingering by the composer.*

449

Con moto.

46.

*affettuoso assai e cresc.**affrettando**dimin.**p**espressivo**rit.*

Ad. Henselt, Variationen Robert der Teufel. Op. 11.

47.

*ff ad libitum**Allegro agitato.*

Ad. Henselt, Konzert Fmoll. Op. 16.

48.

*ff**ff**ff**sempre ff**fff*

Allegretto. (♩ = 138.)

F. Chopin, Mazurka (dediée à Gaillard) Amoll.

49.

p *cresc.* *dim.* *mf*

cresc. *f* *p*

cresc.

f *dim.* *p*

F. Chopin, Polonaise. Op. 22.

50.

sf *f* *cresc.* *ff*

cresc. *ff*

Tempo di Polacca.

risoluto

51.

ff

ten.

ff

ten.

Molto agitato.

F. Chopin, 24 Préludes. Op. 28 Nr. 22.

52.

f

ff

cresc.

ff

Tempo di Polacca.

F. Chopin, Polonaise Fismoll. Op. 44.

55.

F. Chopin, Polonaise Fismoll. Op. 44.

Tempo di Polacca.

56.

Lento. (♩ = 100.)

F. Chopin, Nocturne Cmoll. Op. 48 Nr. 1.

57.

cresc. *cresc.* *cresc.*

ff

tr *ritenuto*

sempre ff

fz p accel.

ff

tr *ritenuto*

sempre ff

fz p accel.

sempre ff

fz p accel.

Tempo di Marcia.

F. Chopin. Fantasia Fmoll. Op. 49.

58. *ff*

ff

Maestoso. (♩ = 100.)

F. Chopin, Polonaise Asdur. Op. 53.

59.

ff

Measures 59-65 of Chopin's Polonaise Asdur, Op. 53. The tempo is Maestoso (♩ = 100.). The key signature is B-flat major. The score includes various musical notations such as trills (tr), accents, and dynamic markings like *ff* and *poco*. The piece is in 3/4 time.

Maestoso. (♩ = 100.)

F. Chopin, Polonaise Asdur. Op. 53.

60.

pp sotto voce

Measures 66-72 of Chopin's Polonaise Asdur, Op. 53. The tempo is Maestoso (♩ = 100.). The key signature is B-flat major. The score includes various musical notations such as trills, ornaments, and dynamic markings like *pp sotto voce* and *poco a*. The piece is in 3/4 time.

Allegretto.

F. Chopin, Barcarolle Fisdur. Op. 60.

61.

Tempo di Polacca.

F. Chopin, Polonaise-Fantaisie Asdur. Op. 61.

62.

Allegretto.

F. Liszt, Rhapsodie hongroise Nr. 4.

63.

Allegro.

F. Liszt, Eroica.

64.

Allegro marziale animato.

F. Liszt, Konzert Nr. 1, Esdur.

65.

Allegro molto.

F. Liszt, Fantasie Robert der Teufel.

66.

1. 2.

p

Allegro vivace.

F. Liszt, *Fantasie Robert der Teufel*.

67.

ff *impetuoso*

F. Liszt, *Fantasie Robert der Teufel*.

Prestissimo.

68.

fff *fff*

Mouvement modéré de Valse.

F. Liszt, *Danse macabre* de C. Saint-Saëns.

69.

mf *staccato*

p

Animato.

F. Liszt, *Les cloches de Genève*.

70.

ff

F. Liszt, Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs.

72.

Animato.

F. Liszt, Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs.

73. *precipitato* *fff*

Allegro maestoso.

F. Liszt, Konzert Nr. 1, Esdur.

74. *Cadenza* *strepitoso* *ff*

8 *mf*

Allegro.

F. Liszt, Mazeppa. Etüde.

75. *8* *ten.* *3*

8 *il più forte possibile*

poco rallent.

Mosso.

F. Liszt, Harmonies du soir.

76.

76. Mosso. F. Liszt, Harmonies du soir.

sf *poco rall.* *ff*

rinforzando assai

Allegretto molto moderato.

F. Liszt, Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs.

77.

77. Allegretto molto moderato. F. Liszt, Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs.

ff con strepito

F. Liszt, Galop chromatique.

78. **Presto.**
ff marcatissimo

8

79. **Presto.**
f

8

80. **Presto.**
fff animato
sf strepitoso

81. **Molto animato.**
sf rinforzando
poco ritenuto
fff

82. **Molto animato.**
rinf.

Allegro.

F. Liszt, Mazeppa, Etüde.

83.

ff

Measures 83 and 84 of Liszt's Mazeppa Etüde. The score is in G major, 2/4 time. Measure 83 features a forte (ff) dynamic. Measure 84 includes a piano (p) dynamic, a ritardando (rit.) marking, and a triplet of eighth notes.

Allegro deciso.

F. Liszt, Konzert Nr. 2, Adur.

84.

*p**più dim..*

Measures 84 and 85 of Liszt's Concerto No. 2. The score is in A major, 2/4 time. Measure 84 starts with a piano (p) dynamic. Measure 85 includes a piano decrescendo (più dim..) marking.

Allegro agitato.

F. Liszt, Konzert Nr. 2, Adur.

85.

*f**cresc..*

Measures 85 and 86 of Liszt's Concerto No. 2. The score is in A major, 2/4 time. Measure 85 features a forte (f) dynamic and a crescendo (cresc..) marking. Measure 86 includes a fortissimo (ff) dynamic and a rinforzando marking.

Andante moderato.

F. Liszt, Rhapsodie espagnole.

86.

*f**f**stringendo il tempo**f*

Measures 86 and 87 of Liszt's Rhapsodie espagnole. The score is in A major, 3/4 time. Measure 86 features a forte (f) dynamic. Measure 87 includes a fortissimo (ff) dynamic and a stringendo il tempo marking. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Vivace.

molto rinforzando

f

Vivace.

F. Liszt, Rhapsodie hongroise Nr. 2.

87.

stringendo

f

Con moto.

F. Liszt, Années de Pèlerinage. Nr. 5.

88.

88.

rinf.

Mouvement modéré de Valse.

F. Liszt, Danse macabre de C. Saint-Saëns.

89.

89.

ff

ff strepitoso

Moderato.

F. Liszt, Ballade Fliegender Holländer.

90.

ff *stringendo* *accel.*

trillo *fff*

Allegro eroico.

F. Liszt, Rhapsodie hongroise Nr. 14.

91.

Animato.

F. Liszt, Fantasie und Fuge über das Thema B-a-c-h.

92.

fff *Trillo ben in tempo*

Allegro vivace.

F. Liszt, Rhapsodie hongroise Nr. 14.

93.

Measures 93-100 of Rhapsodie hongroise Nr. 14. The score is in 2/4 time, key of B-flat major. It features a piano accompaniment with a strong, rhythmic bass line and a treble line with chords and arpeggios. The tempo is Allegro vivace. The piece concludes with a final chord in measure 100.

rinf. assai

Allegretto.

F. Liszt, Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs.

94.

Measures 94-100 of Illustrations du Prophète. Nr. 2, Les Patineurs. The score is in 3/4 time, key of C major. It features a piano accompaniment with a strong, rhythmic bass line and a treble line with chords and arpeggios. The tempo is Allegretto. The piece concludes with a final chord in measure 100.

glissando

sempre più cresc.

glissando

rinf.

rinforzando assai

ff

Moderato.

strepitoso

F. Liszt, Paraphrase Gaudeamus igitur.

95.

*fff**glissando*

Con moto. (♩ = 92.)

J. Raff, La Ciceronella. Op. 165. (Var. I.)

96.

p

2

1

3

1

Allegro.

J. Raff, Suite .Bdur, Op.204. (Nr. 3, Rigaudon.)

97.

*mf**f**f*

Allegro deciso.

J. Raff, Suite. Op.91.

98.

ff

Allegro.

J. Raff, Oktaven-Etüde.

99.

*poco rit.**p*

Allegro non troppo. 8 J. Raff, Cachoucha. Op. 79.

100.

Moderato. 8 J. Raff, Fantasie Barbier.

101.

ff quasi trillo doppio

Allegro energico. 8 J. Raff, Suite. Op. 91.

102.

Allegro vivace.

F. Bendel, Sakontala, Op.417.

103. *f* *p* *cresc.* *f*

Red. *

Louis Brassin, Aus Wagners Ring des Nibelungen.

104. *f* *ff*

Theodor Kullak, Air du Freischütz. Nr. 1.

105. Allegro.

Franz Kullak, Rondo aus dem Violin-Konzert Ddur von Beethoven.

106. Solo. *ten.* *ten.* *ten.* *ff*

Red. *

ten. *

pp *cresc.* *Tutti.* *cresc.*

Red. *

cresc. *f* *ff* *Ped.* *trill*

107. **Molto allegro.** $\frac{5}{2}$
con tutta forza *con bravura* *ff*

Ped. *trill*

108. **Allegro moderato.**
con strepito *cresc.* *molto* *ritard.* *ff*

mf *Ped.* *trill*

109. **Allegro non tanto.** (♩ = 138.)
martellato *ff*

Ped. *trill*

ff *martellato* *Ped.* *trill*

110. **Allegro molto.**
f

Ped. *trill*

Allegro.

A. Rubinstein, Etüde. Op. 23. Nr. 2.

111.

111. *p*

Moderato assai.

A. Rubinstein, Csardas. Op. 82 Nr. 2.

112.

112. *f*

113. *Allegro.* A. Rubinstein, Mazurka. Op. 82 Nr. 4.

114. *Allegro.* A. Rubinstein, Konzert Esdur. Op. 94.

115. *Allegro moderato.* A. Rubinstein, Konzert Esdur. Op. 94.

*)

Allegro energico.

Ed. Mertke, Impromptus à la Valse. Op. 13 Nr. 11.

116.

ff *feroce*

pp *due corde*

tutte corde *ff*

Con fuoco. (♩. = 100.)

Ed. Mertke, Paraphrase Walküre. Op. 16.

117. *Con fuoco.* (♩. = 100.)

Ed. Mertke, Paraphrase Waltz. Op. 10.

ff

p

p

sempre ff

string.

pp più lento
dolce ed espressivo

cresc. *ff*

a tempo ♩ = 100 - 108.

poco rit. *sempre ff*

Allegro maestoso. (♩ = 96.)
(Aus dem Gibichungen-Motiv.)

Ed. Mertke, Paraphrase Götterdämmerung. Op. 18.

118.

p

♩.

*

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

*

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

♩.

♩.

ff

♩.

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

♩.

*

♩.

♩.

♩.

♩.

*

Tranquillo. (♩ = 92.)

Ed. Mertke, Paraphrase Parsifal. Op. 19.

119.

più tranquillo
pp (Glockenmotiv.)

cre -

- scen -

- do

♩.

*

poco a poco 3

dimi -

nuen -

do

ri -

te -

nu - to

Moderato. (♩ = 80.)

dolce ma espressivo

cre -

do

f *rit.* *ff*

Allegretto.

Ed. Grieg, Klavierstücke. Op. 41 Nr. 5. (Die Prinzessin)

120.

p

ff

Meno allegro e maestoso.

Ed. Grieg, Ballade in Form von Variationen über eine norwegische Melodie. Op. 24. (Var. XII.)

121.

fff con tutta forza

p

Allegro moderato.

Ed. Grieg, Konzert Amoll. Op. 16.

122. *ff* *ff*

ff

ff

Allegro moderato.

H. v. Bülow, Capriccio. Op. 17b

123. *ff* *ff* *sempre sf*

C. Tausig, Ungarische Zigeunerweisen.

124. **Presto.** *mf* *più cresc.*

C. Tausig, Militärmarsch von F. Schubert.

125. **Allegro vivace.** *ff*

C. Tausig, Toccata u. Fuge Dmoll von J. S. Bach.

126. **Allegro.** *mf*

Molto Allegro con fuoco.

J. Brahms, Sonate Cdur. Op. 1.

127. *fff molto pesante* *rit.* *a tempo* *staccatissimo e marcato*

Allegro.

J. Brahms, Sonate Cdur. Op. 1.

128. *ff* *poco rit.*

8 *sf* *ff*

Risoluto.

J. Brahms, Variationen und Fuge
über ein Thema von Händel. Op. 24. (Var. IV.)

129. *stacc* *sf* *sf* *sf*

sf *sf* *f* *sf* *sf*

sf *sf* *sf* *sf* *f* *f*

J. Brahms, Ungarische Tänze.

130. **Presto.** *ff* *glissando* *ben marcato*

cresc. *f*

Maestoso.

J. Brahms Konzert Dmoll. Op. 15.

131. *ff* *mf* *molto cresc.* *ff*

J. Brahms, Variationen über ein ungarisches Lied.
Op. 21 Nr. 2. (Var. IV.)

132. **Allegro.** *ff* *ff* *sost.*

Non troppo presto.

J. Brahms, Var. über ein Thema von Paganini.

Op. 35. (1. Heft, Var. IV.)

133.

Vivace.

J. Brahms, Var. über ein Thema von Paganini.

Op. 35. (2. Heft, Var. XI.)

134.

non legato e scherzando

Etwas langsam.

E. d' Albert, Acht Klavierstücke. Op. 5 Nr. 5.

135.

*pp feierlich**sehr gebunden*

*Allegro con fuoco.
tutta forza*

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 1, Ddur. Op. 17.

136.

Andante sostenuto quasi adagio. (♩ = 84.)

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 1, Ddur. Op. 17.

137.

mf

cresc.

dim.

p molto espress.

marcato

delicatissimo

rit.

Presto. (♩ = 120.)

138.

Measure 138 of the piano part, marked Presto (♩ = 120.). The key signature is G minor (two flats). The measure contains complex chords and arpeggiated figures in both staves. The right hand features a series of chords, while the left hand has a more active line with some triplets and fourths.

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 2, Gmoll. Op. 22.

139.

Presto. (♩ = 120.)

Measure 139, marked Presto (♩ = 120.). The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *ff* (fortissimo).

First system of measure 140. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *ff* (fortissimo).

Second system of measure 140. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *ff* (fortissimo).

Animato.

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 2, Gmoll. Op. 22.

140.

First system of measure 140, marked Animato. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *f* (forte).

Second system of measure 140. The right hand has a melodic line with some grace notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The dynamic is marked *f* (forte).

ff

sempre legato

Andante sostenuto.

(Chaque temps comme deux de la mesure précédente.)

Presto. (♩ = 120.)

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 2, Gmoll. Op. 22.

141.

Allegro non troppo. (♩ = 132.)

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 3, Esdur. Op. 29.

142.

Allegro non troppo. (♩ = 132.)

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 3, Esdur. Op. 29.

143.

Allegro. (♩ = 184.)

C. Saint-Saëns, Konzert Nr. 4, Cdur. Op. 44.

144.

Andantino malinconico.

C. Saint-Saëns, Étude.

145.

Allegro furioso.

P. Tschaïkowsky, Impromptu. Op. 1. Nr. 2.

146.

Allegro giusto.

P. Tschaïkowsky, Capriccio. Op. 8.

147.

Allegro con spirito.

P. Tschaikowsky, Konzert Bmoll. Op. 23.

148.

148. *f*

cresc.

P. Tschaikowsky, Valse - Caprice. Op. 4.

149.

Mosso.

f

mf

pf *crescendo poco a poco*

ff

Tempo I. (*rubato non troppo mosso*)

Allegretto.

P. Tschaiikowsky, Mazurka. Op. 9 Nr. 3.

150.

P. Tschaikowsky, Variationen
über ein Originalthema. Op. 19 Nr. 6. (Var.VIII.)

Allegro.

151.

P. Tschaikowsky, Variationen
über ein Originalthema. Op. 19 Nr. 6. (Var.XI.)

Allegro brillante.

152.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff contains chords and arpeggiated figures. Bass staff contains arpeggiated figures. Dynamics: *meno f* (top right), *legato* (middle right), *cresc.* (far right). Fingering numbers are present throughout.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff contains chords and arpeggiated figures. Bass staff contains arpeggiated figures. Dynamics: *ff* (left), *meno f* (top right), *ff* (middle left), *pf* (middle right), *cresc.* (far right). First and second endings are marked with '1.' and '2.'. Fingering numbers are present throughout.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff contains chords and arpeggiated figures. Bass staff contains arpeggiated figures. Dynamics: *ff* (left), *pf* (middle left), *ff* (middle left), *mf* (middle right), *pf* (far right), *mf* (far right), *ff* (far right). First and second endings are marked with '1.' and '2.'. Fingering numbers are present throughout.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff contains chords and arpeggiated figures. Bass staff contains arpeggiated figures. Dynamics: *f* (left). Fingering numbers are present throughout.

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff contains chords and arpeggiated figures. Bass staff contains arpeggiated figures. Dynamics: *ff* (middle right). Fingering numbers are present throughout.

Allegro moderato.

P. Tschaikowsky, Scherzo à la russe. Op. 1 Nr. 1.

153.

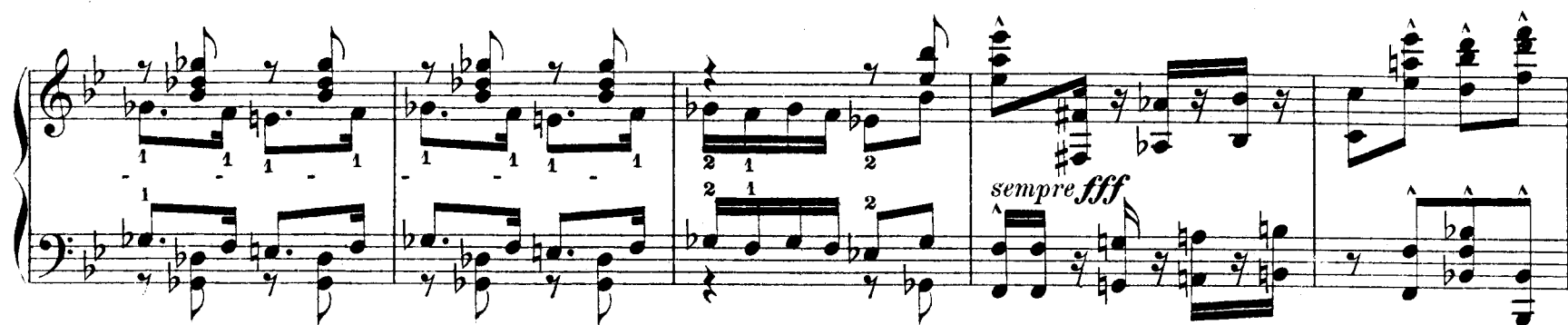
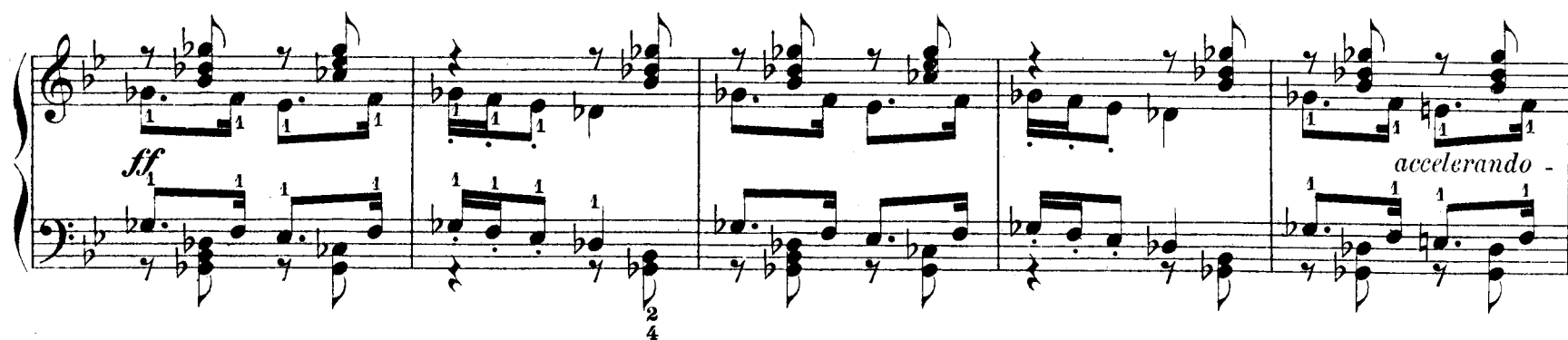
*ff**fff**staccato*

8

Presto.

mf po - - co

cre - - scen - - do



First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The music is in B-flat major (two flats) and 4/4 time. The right hand features a series of eighth-note chords, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note bass line. A fortissimo (*fff*) dynamic marking is present in the first measure.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The musical texture continues with eighth-note chords in the right hand and a consistent eighth-note bass line in the left hand.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. Measures 9 and 10 are marked with an 8-measure rest in the right hand. The left hand continues with eighth-note chords. The system concludes with a *molto crescendo* marking.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. Similar to the previous system, measures 13 and 14 have an 8-measure rest in the right hand. The left hand maintains the eighth-note chordal pattern.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. Measures 17 and 18 feature an 8-measure rest in the right hand. In measure 19, the right hand begins a new melodic line with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The left hand continues with eighth-note chords.

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