

SCHNITTKE

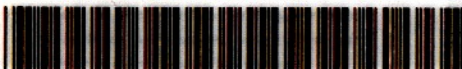
ALFRED

ZUM 60.
GEBURTSTAG
am 24.11.1994

Der in der wolgadeutschen Stadt Engels geborene und nunmehr in Deutschland lebende Komponist Alfred Schnittke wird am 24. November 1994 sechzig Jahre alt. Mittlerweile ist die Zahl der weltweiten Aufführungen, Rundfunk- und CD-Einspielungen von Schnittkes Musik so hoch, daß man von einem der bedeutendsten Komponisten der Gegenwart sprechen kann. Die Internationalen Musikverlage Hans Sikorski präsentieren diesem hochangesehenen Komponisten ein Album, das die besten Werke seiner letzten Jahre enthält. Das Album wird von der Wiener Staatsoper und der Hamburger Staatsoper aufgeführt.

St.B. 01

DVR: 0000191



SBW-21499352

INTERNATIONALE MUSIKVERLAGE
HANS SIKORSKI

20139 Hamburg, Telefon: (040) 41 41 00-0, Fax: (040) 41 41 00 41



SCHNITTKE-FESTIVAL IN MOSKAU (2. - 19.10.1994)

u.a. 19. Oktober 1994 in Moskau
"Konzert zu dritt" (Tripelkonzert) für Violine, Viola, Violoncello und Streichorchester
Uraufführung
Gidon Kremer, Juri Baschmet, Mstislaw Rostropowitsch
weitere Aufführungen: 13./15. November 1994 in London mit dem London Symphony Orchestra

SCHNITTKE-KONZERTE IN HAMBURG

6./7. November 1994 in Hamburg
Sinfonisches Vorspiel für Orchester
Uraufführung
Philharmonisches Staatsorchester Hamburg
Ltg.: Gerd Albrecht

im Zeitraum vom 11. bis 24. November 1994 sind in Hamburg von verschiedenen Veranstaltern (NDR, Orchester-Akademie, Freie Akademie der Künste) größere und kleinere Schnittke-Konzerte geplant

SCHNITTKE-FESTIVAL IN STOCKHOLM (9. - 12.11.1994)

u.a. 9. November 1994 in Stockholm
Sonate Nr. 3 für Violine und Klavier (in vier Sätzen)
Uraufführung
Mark Lubotsky (Violine), Irina Schnittke (Klavier)

10./12. November 1994 in Stockholm
Sinfonie Nr. 8
Uraufführung
Auftragswerk der Stockholms Konserthus Stiftelse
Königliche Stockholmer Philharmonie
Ltg.: Gennadi Roschdestwenski

SCHNITTKE-FESTIVAL IN LONDON (11. - 17.11.1994)

u.a. 11. November 1994 in London
Fünf Fragmente zu Bildern von Hieronymus Bosch
für Tenor, Violine, Posaune und Kammerorchester
Uraufführung
London Sinfonietta
Ltg.: Markus Stenz

17. November 1994 in London
Sonate Nr. 2 für Violoncello und Klavier (in vier Sätzen)
Mstislaw Rostropowitsch (Violoncello) und
Irina Schnittke (Klavier)

SCHNITTKE-TAG IN UTRECHT

9. Dezember 1994 in Utrecht
mehrstündiges Konzertprogramm unter Beteiligung des Niederländischen Kammerchors
Ltg.: Lev Markiz

URAUFFÜHRUNGEN DES JAHRES 1995

26. Mai 1995 in Wien
Gesualdo
Oper in sieben Bildern, einem Prolog und einem Epilog
Uraufführung
Auftragswerk der Wiener Staatsoper

22. Juni 1995 in Hamburg
Die Geschichte von D. Johann Fausten
Oper in drei Akten, einer Einleitung und einem Epilog
Uraufführung
Auftragswerk der Hamburgischen Staatsoper

1. September 1995 in Liverpool
Concerto für Orchester
Uraufführung
Auftragswerk der Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra
Ltg.: Boris Pesek

KM.N

exemplar
nova

203

alfred schnittke

sinfonie nr. 7

symphony no. 7

partitur / score

edition sikorski 1903

satzfolge / movements

I	andante	2
II	largo	7
III	allegro	12

durata: ca 22 min.

orchestra

3 flauti (2. anche fl. contralto in g, 3. anche fl. piccolo)
3 oboi (3. anche corno inglese)
3 clarinetti in b (2. anche cl. basso in b, 3. anche cl. piccolo in es)
3 fagotti (3. anche contrafagotto)

4 corni in f
3 trombe in b
3 tromboni
tuba

timpani
percussione (2 esecutori): 3 triangoli, 3 piatti, tomtom, bongo,
tamburo, 2 gran casse, gong, tam-tam, campane

arpa
cembalo
piano

violino solo
12 violini I
12 violini II
10 viole
8 violoncelli
6 contrabbassi

Das widerrechtliche Kopieren von Noten ist gesetzlich verboten und kann privatrechtlich und strafrechtlich verfolgt werden.

Unauthorized copying or reproduction of sheet music by any means and in any form is prohibited by law. Offenders will be prosecuted under both criminal and civil law.

NT2

684164
H9

alfred schnittke
sinfonie nr. 7
symphony no. 7

partitur / score

Stadt. Bibliothek - Hauptbücherei
8, Skrzypczakastrasse 20
1080 Wien

edition sikorski 1903

295

kurt masur gewidmet / dedicated to kurt masur
sinfonie nr. 7 · symphony no. 7 alfred schnittke
 1993 (*1934)

2/4 Andante

3 Flauti

3 Oboi

3 Clarinetti

3 Fagotti

4 Corni in F

3 Trombe in B

3 Tromboni

Tuba

Timpani

Percussione

Arpa

Cembalo

Pianoforte

Violino solo

Violini I

Violini II

Viola

Violoncelli

Contrabbassi

© 1994 by Musikverlag Hans Sikorski, Hamburg, for the entire world except C.I.S.
H.S.1903

Violin I (VI. solo) measures 1-49. The score includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *mp*, *p*, *f*, and *pp*. Measure numbers 1, 15, 23, 31, 40, and 49 are indicated. A double bar line is present after measure 15.

Violin II (VI.) measures 1-49. The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp* and *p*. Measure numbers 1, 15, 23, 31, 40, and 49 are indicated. A double bar line is present after measure 15.

Viola (Vc.) measures 1-49. The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp* and *p*. Measure numbers 1, 15, 23, 31, 40, and 49 are indicated. A double bar line is present after measure 15.

Cello/Double Bass (Cb.) measures 1-49. The score includes dynamic markings such as *pp* and *p*. Measure numbers 1, 15, 23, 31, 40, and 49 are indicated. A double bar line is present after measure 15.

H.S.1903

57

VI

II

Ve

Vc

Cb

mf

65

VI

II

Ve

Vc

Cb

div.

f

H.S.1903

72

VI

II

Ve

Vc

Cb

pp cresc.

ff

unis

p cresc.

mp cresc.

mf cresc.

f cresc.

80

G.C.

VI

II

Ve

Vc

Cb

ppp

p

div.

H.S.1903

6.5

U.C. *creac.*

1-1

ff

mp

mf

f

ff

div.

mp

mf

f

ff

div.

mp

mf

f

ff

mf

f

ff

f

ff

8

89

f

mf

mp

p

f

mf

f

9

96

mp

mf

mp

p

p

H.S.1903

2/2 Largo

a 3

ff

ff

ff

ff

a 3

a 3

a 3

a 3

f

f

f

f

f

f

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

Temp.

mf

pp

pp

H.S.1903

H.S.1903

H.S.1903

4

Violin I (Vn I) and Violin II (Vn II) staves show melodic lines with dynamics like *mf* and *f*. The Viola (Vla) and Cello/Double Bass (Vcl/Bs) staves provide harmonic support with lower notes and dynamics like *mp* and *pp*. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (*mf*, *f*, *mp*, *pp*), articulation (*pizz*, *arco*), and performance instructions (*div*). The page is numbered 4 in the top left corner.

H.S.1903

47 5

Cr. in F

Tr. in B

Trom.

Tb.

Timpani

49 6

Cr. in F

Trom.

Tb.

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

H.S.1903



♩ Allegro

The first system of the musical score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. in B), Bassoon (Fag.), Horn in F (Cr. in F), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. in B), and Trombone (Tbn.). The Flute and Oboe parts feature rapid sixteenth-note passages, with the Oboe marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Clarinet in B and Bassoon parts are marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Horn in F, Trumpet in B-flat, and Trombone parts are marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Flute part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Oboe part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Clarinet in B part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Bassoon part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Horn in F part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Trumpet in B-flat part is marked *ff* and *1 2*. The Trombone part is marked *ff* and *1 2*.

H.S.1903

The first system of the musical score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. in B), Bassoon (Fag.), Cor in F (Cr. in F), Trumpet in B-flat (Tr. in B), and Trombone (Tbn.). The Flute, Oboe, and Clarinet in B-flat parts feature melodic lines with triplets and slurs. The Bassoon part provides harmonic support with sustained notes. The Cor in F, Trumpet in B-flat, and Trombone parts are marked with dynamics such as *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte) and include sustained notes and slurs.

Handwritten musical score for a brass ensemble. The score is written on staves for the following instruments: Fl. (Flute), Ob. (Oboe), Cl. in B (Clarinet in B-flat), Fag. (Bassoon), Cr. in F (Cor in F), Tr. in B (Trumpet in B-flat), and Trom. (Trombone). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'sf' (sforzando). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and there are some handwritten annotations and corrections visible.

H.S.1903

Handwritten musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written on two systems of four staves each. The first system contains the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The second system contains the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked "Allegretto". The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "f" (forte) and "p" (piano).

The first system of the musical score includes staves for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in B (Cl. in B), Bassoon (Fag.), Clarinet in F (Cl. in F), Trumpet in B (Tr. in B), and Trombone (Trbn.). The Flute, Oboe, and Clarinet in B parts are marked *ff* and feature rapid sixteenth-note passages. The Bassoon part is marked *ff* and plays a slower, more melodic line. The Clarinet in F, Trumpet in B, and Trombone parts are marked *f* and play a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The key signature has one flat (B-flat major or D minor), and the time signature is 2/4.

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for four vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor 1, and Tenor 2) and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked "Moderato". The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the vocal entries and the piano accompaniment. The second system contains the vocal parts and the piano accompaniment. The piano accompaniment features a prominent triplet figure in the right hand. The vocal parts enter in sequence, with the Soprano part starting on a high note and the Tenor 2 part starting on a low note. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the vocal parts.

H.S.1903

H.S.1903

55

Fl. picc.

Fl.

Cl. picc.

Cl. in B

Cr. in F

Picc.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Viola

Vc.

61

Fl. picc.

Cl. picc.

Cl. in B

Cr. in F

Picc.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Viola

Vc.

Cb.

H.S.1903

H.S.1903

107

Viol. I

116

Clar. in F

11

1 2 3

f

Viol. II

ff

122

12

2 2

Fl.

mf

cresc.

Oboe

1.

mp

cresc.

Clar. in B

1.

p

cresc.

Bassoon

1.

pp

cresc.

Horn I

ff

Horn II

ff

129

13

3 4

Fl.

f

Oboe

f

Clar. in B

f

Bassoon

f

Clar. in F

f

mp

p

1 2

Trumpet in B

mf

mp

mf

mp

mf

mp

mf

mp

Viol. II

f

ff

139

Vc

mp

140

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. in B

Cr. in F

Tr. in B

Tbn. Tb.

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vc

Cb

154

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vc

Cb

162 16

VI I

VIe

Vc

Cb

mp *mp* *mf* *f*

171 2/4 4/4 3/4 6/8

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. in B

Cl. picc.

Cr. in F

ff *ff* *ff* *ff* *p*

VI I

VIe

Vc

mf *f* *f* *ff* *div. 9* *ff* *div.* *ff* *f*

179 8 18 2/4 3/4

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. in B

Cl. picc.

Tr. in B

fff *fff* *fff* *fff* *fff*

VI I

Vc

Cb

p *p* *pp*

187 19

VI I

VIe

Vc

Cb

mf *mf* *mf* *mf* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mf*

195 2/4 3/4

VI I

VIe

Vc

Cb

f *ff* *ff* *ff* *f* *ff* *ff* *ff* *f* *ff*

[illegible]

210

Cr. in F

Tr. in B

Trbn

Ptn

Vl.

21

ff

f

f

f

ff

ff

H.S.1903

218

Cr. in F

Tr. in B

Tbn

Tpt

VI.

H.S.1903

26

233 $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ 23

Cr. ingl.

Fag.

C-Fag.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Vle.

Vc.

Cb.

241 24 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ 25

Trbn.

Tb.

Vle.

Vc.

Cb.

27

250

Cor. in F

Trom.

259

Cor. in F

269

Fl. piccolo

Viol. I

Viol. II

Viola

Violoncello

Double Bass

274

277 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ [28]

Fl. picc. *ff*

Fl.

Tr. in B

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vie

Vc.

Cb.

285 $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ [29]

Fl. picc.

Fl.

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vie

Vc.

Cb.

pp

p *mp* *mf* *f*

p *mp* *mf* *f*

mp *mf* *f*

pp

H.S.1903

293 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ [30]

Fl. picc.

Fl.

Tr. in B

Vi. I

Vi. II

Vie

Vc.

Cb.

mf *f*

mf *f*

ff *ff*

mp

mp

302 $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ [31]

Cmp.

3 Trngl.

3 Pts.

Bongo
T-no
Tamt.

2 G.C.
Gong
T-L

Cemb.

Piano

mp

f *f*

mf

mp

H.S.1903

The image shows a page from a musical score for Luciano Berio's 'L'Espresso'. It features three staves: 'Tr. in B' (Trumpet in B), 'Arpa' (Harp), and 'VI B div a 12' (Violin B divided by 12). The 'Tr. in B' staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The 'Arpa' staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The 'VI B div a 12' staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). There are also some numerical markings above the staves, possibly indicating fingerings or measures.

329

Cr. in F

33

2/4

f

f

mp

VI.

ff

f

ff

Vle

f

Vc.

f

Cb.

f

Violin I and Violin II staves. Measures 337-353. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* and *f*, and articulation marks like accents and slurs. Measure numbers 337, 344, and 353 are indicated at the start of their respective systems. A rehearsal mark [34] is present at the beginning of the third system.

362

Fl.

Ob.

Fag.

Cr. in F

Vl.

370

Cr. in F

Vl.

377

Cr. in F

Vl.

385

Vl.

38

Fl

Ob

Cl in B

Cl. picc

Tr in B

Vl

Vl

Vc

Cb

Fag

Cr. in F

Tr. in B

Trbn.

Vc

Cb

39

400

mp

p

pizz

poco sf

p

mf

pp

f

40

Fl. picc. *mf* *f*

Fl. *mf*

41

Fl. *mf*

Cl. in B *mf*

42

Cl. in B *mp*

C.-Fag. *p*

Cr. in F *mf*

Tr. in B *mf*

Tron. *mp*

Tb. *mp*

Vie. *4 soli* *ppp* *f*

Vc. *4 soli* *ppp* *f*

Cb. *4 soli* *ppp* *f*

43

Cr. in F *mp*

Tron. *p*

Tb. *p*

G.C. *p*

44

Tron. *ppp*

Tb. *ppp*

G.C. *ppp*

45

C.-Fag. *p*

Tron. *ppp*

Tb. *ppp*

G.C. *ppp*

46

C.-Fag. *ppp*

T.-T. *ppp*

Vc. div. a 3 *ppp*

Vc. *ppp*

47

C.-Fag. *ppp*

T.-T. *ppp*

Vc. div. a 3 *ppp*

Vc. *ppp*

442 47

C.-Fag.

G.C.

T-t.

Vc.
div. a3

Cb.

ppp

ppp

p

492 48

G.C.

T-t.

Cb.

500

G.C.

T-t.

Cb.

509

G.C.

T-t.

Cb.

ppp